

Consolidated half-year report for the 6-month period ended 30 June 2015

Warsaw, 20 August 2015



# Selected financial data

Consolidated income statement	01.01.2015- 30.06.2015	01.01.2014- 30.06.2014	01.01.2015- 30.06.2015	01.01.2014- 30.06.2014
	PLN thousand	PLN thousand	EUR thousand	EUR thousand
Net interest income	555,899	728,137	134,467	174,262
Net fee and commission income	183,978	228,256	44,503	54,628
Profit before tax	220,032	223,512	53,224	53,492
Net profit	208,767	266,135	50,499	63,693
Net profit attributable to equity holders of the parent	198,588	265,936	48,037	63,645
Total comprehensive income for the period	211,921	305,457	51,262	73,104
Net cash flows	50,371	1,668,518	12,184	399,320

Consolidated statement of financial position	30.06.2015	31.12.2014 (restated)	30.06.2015	<b>31.12.2014</b> (restated)
	PLN thousand	PLN thousand	EUR thousand	EUR thousand
Loans and advances to customers and finance lease receivables	50,283,837	48,532,498	11,988,327	11,386,458
Total assets	70,375,527	68,795,557	16,778,449	16,140,477
Amounts due to customers	55,151,434	53,846,771	13,148,826	12,633,266
Total equity	5,277,851	5,075,992	1,258,309	1,190,904
Tier 1 capital	5,106,440	4,936,033	1,217,442	1,158,068
Tier 2 capital	1,610,073	1,742,616	383,863	408,844
Total capital ratio	13.1%	13.1%	13.1%	13.1%
Number of shares	2,650,143,319	2,650,143,319	2,650,143,319	2,650,143,319

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Standalone income statement	01.01.2015- 30.06.2015	01.01.2014- 30.06.2014	01.01.2015- 30.06.2015	01.01.2014- 30.06.2014
Net interest income	PLN thousand 532,507	PLN thousand 713.954	EUR thousand 128.808	EUR thousand 170.868
			-/	-,
Net fee and commission income	152,475	186,728	36,882	44,689
Profit before tax	201,519	318,455	48,746	76,215
Net profit	158,055	271,417	38,232	64,957
Total comprehensive income for the period	160,941	310,383	38,930	74,283
Net cash flows	834,196	1,505,559	201,784	360,320

Standalone statement of financial position	30.06.2015	31.12.2014	30.06.2015	31.12.2014
Standalone statement of mancial position	PLN thousand	PLN thousand	EUR thousand	EUR thousand
Loans and advances to customers	50,702,961	49,174,999	12,088,251	11,537,198
Total assets	70,050,029	67,594,305	16,700,846	15,858,646
Amounts due to customers	55,721,056	53,859,261	13,284,631	12,636,197
Total equity	4,962,978	4,802,037	1,183,239	1,126,630
Tier 1 capital	4,784,913	4,680,550	1,140,786	1,098,128
Tier 2 capital	1,610,073	1,742,616	383,863	408,844
Total capital ratio	12.6%	12.9%	12.6%	12.9%
Number of shares	2,650,143,319	2,650,143,319	2,650,143,319	2,650,143,319

The selected financial figures comprising the basic items of the consolidated and standalone financial statements have been converted into euro in accordance with the following principles:

- the items of assets, liabilities and equity have been converted in accordance with the average exchange rates announced by the National Bank of Poland as at 30 June 2015, i.e. 1 EUR = 4.1944 PLN and as at 31 December 2014, i.e. 1 EUR = 4.2623 PLN.
- the items of the income statement as well as the items of the statement of cash flows have been converted in accordance with exchange rates constituting arithmetic means of the average exchange rates established by the National Bank of Poland as at the last day of every month within 6-month period ended 30 June 2015 and 2014 (1 EUR = 4.1341 PLN and 1 EUR = 4.174 PLN respectively).

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# I. INTERIM CONDENSED CONSOLIDATED FINANCIAL STATEMENTS

## 1. Interim consolidated income statement

	Note	01.04.2015- 30.06.2015 PLN thousand	01.01.2015- 30.06.2015 PLN thousand	01.04.2014- 30.06.2014 (restated) PLN thousand	01.01.2014- 30.06.2014 (restated) PLN thousand
CONTINUED ACTIVITY					
Interest income	11.8	738,502	1,532,012	914,881	1,817,246
Interest expense	II.8	(453,829)	(976,113)	(550,399)	(1,089,109)
Net interest income		284,673	555,899	364,482	728,137
Fee and commission income	11.9	138,378	283,377	161,680	337,557
Fee and commission expense	11.9	(49,345)	(99,399)	(55,105)	(109,301)
Net fee and commission income		89,033	183,978	106,575	228,256
Dividend income		14,077	14,077	2,917	2,917
Result on financial instruments measured at fair value through profit or loss and net foreign exchange gains		10,613	15,873	50,911	73,331
Result on other financial instruments		1,284	12,649	6,397	6,416
Result on loss of control over a subsidiary	II.10	1,452	134,646	-	-
Other operating income	II.11	12,150	36,564	28,111	52,092
Other operating expense	II.11	(28,942)	(63,938)	(50,166)	(82,109)
Net other operating income and expense		(16,792)	(27,374)	(22,055)	(30,017)
Administrative expenses	II.12	(237,744)	(488,350)	(235,984)	(470,681)
Net impairment allowances on financial assets and off-balance sheet provisions	II.13	(66,937)	(195,353)	(163,313)	(320,442)
Operating profit		79,659	206,045	109,930	217,917
Share of profits of associates	II.16	3,401	4,615	5,113	5,595
Share of profits of joint ventures	II.17	9,372	9,372	-	-
Profit before tax		92,432	220,032	115,043	223,512
Income tax	II.14	(22,430)	(11,265)	20,939	42,623
Net profit		70,002	208,767	135,982	266,135
Attributable to:					
equity holders of the parent		70,002	198,588	135,886	265,936
non-controlling interests		-	10,179	96	199
Weighted average number of shares		2,650,143,319	2,650,143,319	2,650,143,319	2,650,143,319
Earnings per share in PLN:					
basic, for profit for the period attributable to equity holders of the parent		0.03	0.07	0.05	0.10
diluted, for profit for the period attributable to equity holders of the parent		0.03	0.07	0.05	0.10

Details for restatement of comparative data for 2014 are presented in Note II 5.6.

Interim condensed consolidated financial statements for the 6-month period ended 30 June 2015 (data in PLN thousand)



# 2. Interim consolidated statement of comprehensive income

	Note	01.04.2015- 30.06.2015 PLN thousand	01.01.2015- 30.06.2015 PLN thousand	01.04.2014- 30.06.2014 PLN thousand	01.01.2014- 30.06.2014 PLN thousand
Net profit for the period		70,002	208,767	135,982	266,135
Items that may be reclassified to profit or loss, of which:		34,694	3,154	29,218	39,322
Exchange differences on translation of foreign operations		-	-	42	39
Valuation of available-for-sale financial assets		(54,285)	(27,909)	45,976	54,011
Cash flow hedges	II.20	97,118	31,804	(9,958)	(5,516)
Tax effect related to items that may be reclassified to profit or loss	II.14	(8,139)	(741)	(6,842)	(9,212)
Net other comprehensive income		34,694	3,154	29,218	39,322
Total comprehensive income for the period		104,696	211,921	165,200	305,457
Attributable to:					
equity holders of the parent		104,696	201,742	165,104	305,258
non-controlling interests		-	10,179	96	199

Interim condensed consolidated financial statements for the 6-month period ended 30 June 2015 (data in PLN thousand)



# 3. Interim consolidated statement of financial position

	Note	30.06.2015	<b>31.12.2014</b> (restated)
		PLN thousand	PLN thousand
ASSETS			
Cash and balances with the Central Bank		3,697,553	2,840,583
Amounts due from banks and financial institutions		2,848,639	2,444,066
Financial assets held for trading		12,775	17,072
Financial assets measured at fair value through profit or loss		170,457	170,371
Derivative financial instruments		248,396	247,327
Loans and advances to customers and finance lease receivables	II.15	50,283,837	48,532,498
Financial assets, of which:		10,134,233	11,541,669
available-for-sale		9,948,736	11,404,889
held-to-maturity		185,497	136,780
Investments in associates	II.16	341,053	334,919
Investments in joint ventures	II.17	159,444	
Intangible assets		257,699	229,001
Property, plant and equipment		298,768	385,941
Investment properties		530,263	452,244
Non-current assets held for sale		13,065	4,494
Income tax assets, of which:		354,829	716,919
receivables relating to current income tax		10,713	13,215
deferred tax assets		344,116	703,704
Other assets		1,024,516	878,453
TOTAL ASSETS		70,375,527	68,795,557
LIABILITIES AND EQUITY			

LIABILITIES AND EQUITY			
Liabilities			
Amounts due to banks and financial institutions		4,107,985	4,822,299
Derivative financial instruments		2,086,198	742,815
Amounts due to customers	II.18	55,151,434	53,846,771
Debt securities issued		3,263,631	3,754,761
of which subordinated debt		2,099,443	2,103,035
Other liabilities		463,708	527,717
Provisions	II.19	24,720	25,202
Total liabilities		65,097,676	63,719,565
Equity attributable to equity holders of the parent		5,277,846	5,075,801
Share capital		2,650,143	2,650,143
Retained earnings		78,878	58,426
Net profit		198,588	360,032
Other capital		2,350,237	2,007,200
Non-controlling interests		5	<b>19</b> 1
Total equity		5,277,851	5,075,992
TOTAL LIABILITIES AND EQUITY		70,375,527	68,795,55

Details for restatement of comparative data for 2014 are presented in Note II 5.6.

Interim condensed consolidated financial statements for the 6-month period ended 30 June 2015 (data in PLN thousand)



# 4. Interim consolidated statement of changes in equity

	Attributable to equity holders of the parent							Non-	Total
	Share	Retained	Net		Other capital		Total	controlling	equity
2015	capital	earnings	profit	Reserve capital	Revaluation reserve	Other capital reserves		interests	
	PLN thousand	PLN thousand	PLN thousand	PLN thousand	PLN thousand	PLN thousand	PLN thousand	PLN thousand	PLN thousand
As at 01.01.2015	2,650,143	453,551	-	2,130,687	(164,368)	40,881	5,110,894	191	5,111,085
Adjustments for changes in accounting policies	-	(35,093)	-	-	-	-	(35,093)	-	(35,093)
As at 01.01.2015 after adjustment	2,650,143	418,458	-	2,130,687,	(164,368)	40,881	5,075,801	191	5,075,992
Comprehensive income for the period	-	-	198,588	-	3,154	-	201,742	10,179	211,921
Purchase of non-controlling interests in a subsidiary	-	(197)	-	-	-	-	(197)	(181)	(378)
Distribution of last year profit	-	(339,883)	-	339,883	-	-	-	-	-
Sale of non-controlling interests in a subsidiary	-	70,220	-	-	-	-	70,220	74,451	144,671
Settlement of loss of control over a subsidiary	-	(69,720)	-	-	-	-	(69,720)	(84,635)	(154,355)
As at 30.06.2015	2,650,143	78,878	198,588	2,470,570	(161,214)	40,881	5,277,846		5,277,851

		Attributable to equity holders of the parent				<b>T</b> . i . i				
2014 (restated)	Share	Potoinod	Net		Other ca	pital		Total	Non- controlling	Total equity
	capital	Retained Net earnings profit		Reserve capital	Revaluation reserve	Foreign exchange differences	Other capital reserves		interests	equity
	PLN thousand	PLN thousand	PLN thousand	PLN thousand	PLN thousand	PLN thousand	PLN thousand	PLN thousand	PLN thousand	PLN thousand
As at 01.01.2014	2,650,143	135,468	-	2,084,585	(135,865)	(107)	40,881	4,775,105	5,350	4,780,455
Adjustments for changes in accounting policies	-	(35,093)	-	-	-	-	-	(35,093)	-	(35,093)
As at 01.01.2014 after adjustment	2,650,143	100,375	-	2,084,585	(135,865)	(107)	40,881	4,740,012	5,350	4,745,362
Comprehensive income for the period	-	-	265,936	-	39,283	39	-	305,258	199	305,457
Purchase of non-controlling interests in a subsidiary	-	2,135	-	-	-	-	-	2,135	(3,317)	(1,182)
Distribution of last year profit and cover of previous years losses	-	29,025	-	(29,025)	-	-	-	-	-	-
Dividends for non-controlling interests	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	(285)	(285)
As at 30.06.2014	2,650,143	131,535	265,936	2,055,560	(96,582)	(68)	40,881	5,047,405	1,947	5,049,352

Details for restatement of comparative data for 2014 are presented in Note II 5.6.



# 5. Interim consolidated statement of cash flows

	Note	01.01.2015- 30.06.2015	01.01.2014- 30.06.2014 (restated)
		PLN thousand	PLN thousand
Cash flow from operating activities		200 767	0.00 4.00
Net profit		208,767	266,135
Adjustments:		592,884	237,200
Amortisation and depreciation	II.12	35,967	35,562
Share of (profits)/ losses of associates	II.16	(4,615)	(5,595)
Share of (profits)/ losses of joint ventures	II.17	(9,372)	(1.205)
Foreign exchange (gains)/ losses		-	(1,265)
(Gains)/ losses from investing activities		84,076	(958)
Interests and dividends		89,865	93,879
Change in amounts due from banks and financial institutions		(1,210,990)	(13,265
Change in financial assets held for trading		4,297	(9,615
Change in derivative financial instruments (assets)		(876)	44,945
Change in financial assets measured at fair value through profit or loss		(86)	(170,362
Change in loans and advances to customers and finance lease receivables		(1,451,563)	(874,149
Change in available-for-sale financial instruments		1,433,545	(1,813,491
Change in held to maturity financial instruments		(2,072)	(1,537
Change in deferred tax assets		5,578	(41,054
Change in other assets		(258,143)	53,942
Change in amounts due to banks and financial institutions Change in derivative financial instruments (liabilities)		(821,373)	45,693
		1,368,952	(49,080
Change in amounts due to customers		1,283,172	2,880,56
Change in debt securities issued Change in other liabilities		(4,920) 61,999	16,30 21,40
		122	· · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · ·
Change in provisions Other adjustments		(13,181)	5,863 35,243
Income tax paid		(3,632)	(23,469
Current tax expense	.14	6,134	7,64
Net cash flows from operating activities	11.14	801,651	503,33
Cash flows from investing activities			
Cash flows from investing activities Sale of shares in a subsidiary		25	
Sale of intangible assets and property, plant and equipment		6,713	14,10
Sale of investments in financial instruments		10,000	14,10
Dividends received		10,000	2,91
Acquisition of shares in a subsidiary		(85,414)	(26,180
Purchase of intangible assets and property, plant and equipment		(172,962)	(206,513
Purchase of investments in financial instruments		(56,645)	(12,000
Dther investing inflows/ (outflows)		1,281	(12,000
Net cash flows used in investing activities		(282,925)	(227,673
Cash flows from financing activities			
Proceeds from issue of debt securities		324,500	1,457,38
Proceeds from loans taken		107,060	837,55
Redemption of issued debt securities		(794,692)	(805,000
Dividends paid to non-controlling interests		-	(285
nterest paid		(105,223)	(96,796
•		(468,355)	1,392,85
Net cash flows from financing activities			
Net cash flows from financing activities Net increase/(decrease) in cash and cash equivalents		50,371	1,668,51
		50,371 3,924,997	1,668,518



# II.NOTES TO INTERIM CONDENSED CONSOLIDATED FINANCIAL STATEMENTS

## 1. General information about the Bank

The parent of the Group is Getin Noble Bank S.A. ("the Bank", "the parent", "the Issuer"") with its registered office in Warsaw at Przyokopowa 33, registered pursuant to the decision of the District Court of Warsaw, XII Commercial Department of the National Court Register on 25 April 2008 under entry No. 0000304735. The parent company has been granted with statistical number REGON 141334039.

The ownership structure of significant batches of shares of the parent entity as of the date of these interim condensed consolidated financial statements according to the information available to the Bank is as follows:

	Number of shares	Number of votes at AGM	% share in share capital	% share in votes at AGM
LC Corp B.V.	1,011,728,750	1,011,728,750	38.18%	38.18%
Leszek Czarnecki (directly)	264,626,609	264,626,609	9.99%	9.99%
ING Otwarty Fundusz Emerytalny	201,900,000	201,900,000	7.62%	7.62%
Getin Holding S.A.	200,314,774	200,314,774	7.56%	7.56%
Aviva Otwarty Fundusz Emerytalny Aviva BZ WBK	171,540,000	171,540,000	6.47%	6.47%
Other shareholders	800,033,186	800,033,186	30.18%	30.18%
Total	2,650,143,319	2,650,143,319	100.00%	100.00%

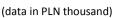
The parent company of the Bank and the Capital Group is Mr. Leszek Czarnecki, who directly and through his subordinated entities has 55.86% share in Getin Noble Bank S.A. Data on the shares held by Mr. Leszek Czarnecki and its subordinated entities are presented in the following table:

	Number of shares	Number of votes at AGM	% share in share capital	% share in votes at AGM
LC Corp B.V.	1,011,728,750	1,011,728,750	38.18%	38.18%
Leszek Czarnecki (directly)	264,626,609	264,626,609	9.99%	9.99%
Getin Holding S.A.	200,314,774	200,314,774	7.56%	7.56%
Fundacja Jolanty i Leszka Czarneckich	3,519,273	3,519,273	0.13%	0.13%
RB Investcom sp. z o.o.	101,850	101,850	0.004%	0.004%
Idea Expert S.A.	7,799	7,799	0.0003%	0.0003%
Total	1,480,299,055	1,480,299,055	55.86%	55.86%

## 2. Management and Supervisory Board of the Bank

At the date of approval of these interim condensed consolidated financial statements, composition of the management and supervisory board of Getin Noble Bank S.A. was as follows:

Interim condensed consolidated financial statements for the 6-month period ended 30 June 2015





Krzysztof Rosiński
Artur Klimczak
Krzysztof Basiaga
Marcin Dec
Karol Karolkiewicz
Radosław Stefurak
Maciej Szczechura
Grzegorz Tracz

Supervisory Board of Getin Noble Bank S.A.	
President of the Supervisory Board	dr Leszek Czarnecki
Vice President of the Supervisory Board	Remigiusz Baliński
Members of the Supervisory Board	Krzysztof Bielecki
	Mariusz Grendowicz
	Jacek Lisik

With effect from 1 January 2015 Mr. Krzysztof Basiaga became a member of the Management Board of the Bank in accordance with a resolution of the Supervisory Board dated 12 December 2014, and Mr. Krzysztof Bielecki became a member of the Supervisory Board of the Bank in accordance with a resolution of the Extraordinary General Meeting of the Bank dated 9 October 2014.

On 10 April 2015 the Supervisory Board of the Bank dismissed Mr. Krzysztof Spyra from the Management Board of the Bank, with effect from the date of the resolution.

On 29 April 2015 the Supervisory Board of the Bank appointed Mr. Artur Klimczak for Vice President of the Management Board with effect from 1 July 2015.

On 11 May 2015 Mr. Rafał Juszczak resigned from membership in the Supervisory Board of the Bank and position of the Member of the Supervisory Board with effect from 12 May 2015.

On 12 May 2015 the Ordinary General Meeting of the Bank resolved to appoint Mr. Mariusz Grendowicz to the Supervisory Board as a member of the Supervisory Board with effect from the date of the appointment.

In the 6-month period ended 30 June 2015 and until the date of approval of these interim condensed consolidated financial statements there were no other changes in the composition of the Bank's Management Board and Supervisory Board.

## 3. Information about the Capital Group

Getin Noble Bank S.A. Capital Group ("the Capital Group", "the Group") consists of Getin Noble Bank S.A. as the parent entity and its subsidiaries. The Bank holds also an investment in an associate and a joint venture.

The entities comprising the Group have been incorporated for an indefinite term.

The Group is active in the following areas of business:

- banking services,
- leasing services and long-term vehicles rental,
- financial intermediary services,
- investment funds,
- brokerage services.



Getin Noble Bank S.A. is a universal bank offering numerous products in the area of financing, saving and investing as well as a wide spectrum of additional services which are provided to clients using a variety of channels, including traditional banking outlets and the Internet platform.

Retail banking is conducted under the Getin Bank brand, which specialises in customer deposits, as well as in sale of retail loans. Getin Bank offers also a number of investment products, it is also an active player in the segment of financial services dedicated to corporate clients, as well as local government units. Noble Bank represents the private banking segment, which is dedicated to wealthy clients.

The product offer of the Bank is supplemented by the products offered by its subsidiaries: Noble Funds Towarzystwo Funduszy Inwestycyjnych S.A., Noble Securities S.A. brokerage house, Noble Concierge sp. z o.o. and Getin Leasing S.A. Group. In co-operation with the above-mentioned companies, Getin Noble Bank S.A. provides its clients with access to brokerage and concierge services, investment fund units and certificates, as well as lease products and vehicles rental services.

Presented below is information on subsidiaries included in these consolidated financial statements of the Getin Noble Bank S.A. Capital Group:

	% share in capital/ votes held by the Group	
	30.06.2015	31.12.2014
Noble Securities S.A.	100%	99.74%/ 99.78%
Noble Funds Towarzystwo Funduszy Inwestycyjnych S.A.	100%	100%
Noble Concierge sp. z o.o.	100%	100%
BPI Bank Polskich Inwestycji S.A.	100%	100%
Sax Development sp. z o.o.	100%	100%
Getin Leasing S.A.	_*	100%
Getin Leasing S.A. S.K.A.**	_*	100%
Getin Leasing S.A. 2 S.K.A.**	_*	100%
Getin Fleet S.A. **	_*	100%
Expert Ubezpieczenia sp. z o.o. (former Pośrednik Finansowy sp. z o.o.)**	_*	100%
Pośrednik Finansowy sp. z o.o. S.K.A.**	_*	100%
Getin Leasing S.A. 3 S.K.A. (former Pośrednik Finansowy sp. z o.o. 2 S.K.A.)**	_*	100%
Green Fundusz Inwestycyjny Zamknięty Aktywów Niepublicznych	100%	100%
Property Fundusz Inwestycyjny Zamknięty Aktywów Niepublicznych ***	100%	100%
LAB sp. z o.o.****	100%	100%
LAB sp. z o.o. sp. k.****	100%	100%
Debitum Investment sp. z o.o.	-	100%
Debitum Investment sp. z o.o. sp. k.	-	100%
Vinita Investments sp. z o. o.****	100%	-
Vinita Investments sp. z o. o. sp. k.****	100%	-
GNB Auto Plan sp. z o.o.*****	0%	0%

\* Currently a joint venture of the Bank.

\*\* Subsidiaries of Getin Leasing S.A.

\*\*\* Property Fundusz Inwestycyjny Zamknięty Aktywów Niepublicznych (Non-public assets closed-end investment fund)

holds 100% share in 9 special purpose entities.

\*\*\*\* Company has not yet started operations.

\*\*\*\*\* Special purpose entity (SPV), with which the Bank carried out a securitisation transaction; the Group does not hold any equity interest in the entity.

All subsidiaries are consolidated using the full method.



The Group holds 42.15% share in the equity of an associate Open Finance S.A. and 50.72% share in the equity of a joint venture Getin Leasing S.A. Both entities are valued with the equity method.

As at 30 June 2015 the Bank's share in the total number of voting rights in its subordinated entities was equal to the Bank's share in share capital of the those entities

## 3.1. Changes in the Capital Group in the first half of 2015

On 30 January 2015 Getin Noble Bank S.A. and Getin Holding S.A. as a purchaser entered into agreement to sell 3,712 shares of Getin Leasing S.A., representing 49.28% of the share capital and 49.28% of the votes at the General Meeting of Shareholders. The parties agreed a final price as the sum of the amount of PLN 144.7 million, i.e. the total price for the shares of Getin Leasing S.A. and the amount of PLN 14.5 million for granting Getin Holding S.A. the deferred payment term until 29 January 2017. In addition, on 31 March 2015 Getin Noble Bank S.A. and Getin Holding S.A. signed an agreement for the exercise of joint control over Getin Leasing S.A. establishing the principles of cooperation in the management of the company.

The Management Board of the Bank, based on an analysis of all the terms and conditions of these agreements and their economic effects, made a professional judgment and declared the aforementioned transactions (agreements) as related and accounted for as single transaction, which eventually led to the loss of control by Getin Noble Bank S.A. over Getin Leasing S.A.

Loss of control over Getin Leasing S.A. and thereby settlement of its effect in the consolidated financial statements of the Group were recognized at the date of signature of the agreement between Getin Noble Bank S.A. and Getin Holding S.A., i.e. at the end of March 2015. As at the date of loss of control in the consolidated financial statements of Getin Noble Bank S.A. assets and liabilities of Getin Leasing S.A. were derecognised at their carrying amounts and the carrying amount of non-controlling interests, the residual investment in the joint venture was recognised at fair value at the date of loss of control, and the resulting difference was recognised as a gain in the consolidated income statement.

The financial data of the Getin Leasing S.A. Group for the first quarter of 2015 have been fully consolidated, and since 31 March 2015 are recognised with the equity method. Settlement of the result of the Getin Noble Bank S.A. Group of the loss of control over Getin Leasing S.A. is presented in Note II.10.

On 11 February 2015 Getin Noble Bank S.A. signed with Noble Securities S.A. an agreement to acquire 9,208 shares of the company as part of a resolution of the Extraordinary General Meeting of Noble Securities S.A. dated 29 December 2014 on the squeeze-out of minority shareholders. Currently, the Bank is the sole shareholder of the company.

On 13 February 2015 the Bank acquired 100% shares in Vinita Investments Sp. z o. o. and became a limited partner in Vinita Investments Sp. z o. o. sp. k., in which the general partner is Vinita Investments Sp. z o. o.

In the first quarter of 2015 Getin Noble Bank S.A. – after making a contribution in kind to the company of the package of overdue receivables – sold its subsidiary Debitum Investment Sp. z o. o. sp. k. and 100% of shares in Debitum Investment Sp. z o. o. Following the transaction, the Group sold a portfolio of car and retail loans, that nominal principal value was in total PLN 441 million.

On 19 May 2015 the Bank acquired 90,077 units of Series D investment certificates of Fund Property FIZAN at issue price of PLN 943.63 per certificate paid cash in the amount of PLN 84,999 thousand. As at 30 June 2015 the Bank was the only investor in the Fund.



## 4. Approval of the consolidated financial statements

These interim condensed consolidated financial statements were approved by the Management Board of the parent company on 20 August 2015.

## 5. Significant accounting policies

## 5.1. Statement of compliance

These interim condensed consolidated financial statements have been prepared in accordance with International Financial Reporting Standards (IFRS) as adopted by the European Union, in particular in accordance with IAS 34, and in areas not covered by the above standards in accordance with the Accounting Act of 29 September 1994 as amended and the respective secondary legislation issued on its basis, as well as the requirements relating to issuers of securities registered or applying for registration on an official quotations market.

IFRS comprise standards and interpretations accepted by the International Accounting Standards Board and the International Financial Reporting Interpretations Committee.

The Group applies "carve out" in IAS 39 endorsed by the European Commission Regulation as described in the consolidated financial statements of the Group for the 12-month period ended 31 December 2014.

## 5.2. Entity entitled to audit financial statements

The entity entitled to audit half-year consolidated and standalone financial statements is Deloitte Polska Spółka z ograniczoną odpowiedzialnością Sp. k. with its registered office in Warsaw.

## 5.3. Basis of preparation

In these interim condensed consolidated financial statement a fair value model was adopted for investment properties and financial instruments measured at fair value through profit or loss, including derivatives and available-for-sale financial instruments, except those when fair value cannot be reliably measured. Other items of financial assets and liabilities (including loans and advances to customers) are recognised at amortised cost less impairment allowances or acquisition cost less impairment allowances.

These interim condensed consolidated financial statements have been prepared based on the assumption that the Group entities would continue their activities in the foreseeable future, i.e. for a period of at least 12 months from the reporting date. As of the date of approval of these interim condensed consolidated financial statements no circumstances were identified which could threaten the continuity of the Group's entities operations.

The interim condensed consolidated financial statements do not include all the information and disclosures required in the annual consolidated financial statements, and should be read in conjunction with the Group's consolidated financial statements for the year ended 31 December 2014.

## 5.4. Functional and reporting currency

The interim condensed consolidated financial statements are presented in the Polish currency (PLN) and all the figures, unless otherwise stated, are expressed in PLN thousands. Polish zloty is the functional currency of the parent company and the other entities included in the consolidated financial statements and the reporting currency of the consolidated financial statements.



## 5.5. Changes in the applied standards and interpretations

#### Standards and interpretations applied for the first time in 2015

The accounting policies adopted in the preparation of the interim condensed consolidated financial statements are consistent with those applied in the preparation of the Group's consolidated financial statements for the year ended 31 December 2014, except for the adoption of new standards and interpretations applicable for annual periods beginning on or after 1 January 2015, as follows:

- Interpretation IFRIC 21 Levies as adopted by the EU on 13 June 2014 (effective for annual periods beginning on or after 17 June 2014).
- Amendments to IFRS Annual Improvements to IFRSs (2011–2013 Cycle) as adopted by EU on 18 December 2014 (effective for annual periods beginning on or after 1 January 2015).

Application of the above changes to the standards had no significant impact on the accounting policies of the Group or on its financial position and results of operations.

According to the interpretation of the Ministry of Finance dated 11 February 2015 and market practice, the Group has applied IFRIC 21 in relation to the cost of payments to the Bank Guarantee Fund in such a way that recognizes a liability for the above charges at obligating event, i.e. 1 January of a given year, while the costs are settled in time for 12 months of the year to which they relate, as was the case in previous years.

#### Standards and interpretations published and adopted by the EU, but are not yet effective

The following standards, amendments to standards and interpretations have been published and adopted by the EU, but are not yet effective:

- Amendments to IAS 19 Employee Benefits Defined Benefit Plans: Employee Contributions as adopted by EU on 17 December 2014 (effective for annual periods beginning on or after 1 February 2015),
- Amendments to IFRS Annual Improvements to IFRSs (2010–2012 Cycle) as adopted by EU on 17 December 2014 (effective for annual periods beginning on or after 1 February 2015),

In the reporting period the Group has not early adopted the above changes to standards. The Group estimates that the changes to standards would not have any significant impact on the financial statements, if they have been adopted by the Group at the reporting date.

# 5.6. Changes in accounting policies and presentation changes – restatement of comparative data

#### Change in accounting policy for investment properties

Comparative data for the 6-month period ended 30 June 2014 have been restated due to the change in accounting policies made in 2014 on the investment property valuation subsequent to initial recognition. The amendment was to reverse the depreciation of investment properties for the period and to recognise net losses from fair value measurement.

Item in the consolidated income statement for the period 01.01.2014 - 30.06.2014	Data before restatement PLN thousand	Adjustment PLN thousand	Restated data
Other operating expense	(80,783)	(1,326)	(82,109)
Administrative expenses	(472,007)	1,326	(470,681)

Notes disclosed on pages from 10 to 43 are an integral part of the interim condensed consolidated financial statements. This is a translation of the consolidated quarterly report originally issued in Polish.



The restatement of comparative data in the income statement had no impact on the Group financial results for 2014.

Change in the rules (policies) of accounting for revenues from intermediation in the sale of financial products With effect from 1 January 2015 Getin Noble Bank S.A. applied the amended rules for recognition of revenue from intermediation in the sale of loans, deposits and savings plans due to changes in the accounting policy of Open Finance S.A. Group. Until the end of 2014, the Group recognized revenues from financial intermediation based on the estimated coefficients of the closing of these financial products, based on historical data regarding the likelihood of payment of the loan and the realization of investments and savings plans. From 1 January 2015 the Group determines the amount of revenue on the basis of the realised products by financial institutions at the end of the reporting period.

According to the Group, in the event of a considerable increase in the number and types of products offered and the number of cooperating financial institutions, the change will provide disclosure of information more suited to the needs of users of financial statements and more reliable than previously used estimates, the use of which was mainly due to the possibility of timely delivery of financial information in the environment of homogeneous products. Without changing the current policy a reliability of the estimates would be smaller and require a collection of significant number of data for the precise determination which would increase the cost of obtaining financial information.

The above change in accounting policy necessitated the retrospective restatement in accordance with IAS 8. Since the change applies only to income recognized by the Open Finance S.A. Group, comparative data have been restated by adjusting "Investment in associates" and "Retained earnings" in the consolidated statement of financial position as at 31 December 2014.

Item in the consolidated statement of financial position as at 31.12.2014	Data before restatement PLN thousand	Adjustment PLN thousand	Restated data PLN thousand
Investments in associates	370,012	(35,093)	334,919
Retained earnings	93,519	(35,093)	58,426

As a result of the retrospective application of new accounting policies the share of profits of associates for 2014 presented in comparative data should be lower than the reported in the consolidated financial statements of Getin Noble Bank S.A. Group by PLN 1,863 thousand – in the opinion of the Management Board of the Bank the amount is not material and therefore consolidated income statement for 2014 have not been restated.

#### Presentation change in income statement

At the end of 2014 the Group made presentation change by aggregating 'Result on financial instruments measured at fair value through profit or loss' and 'Net foreign exchange gains' into one line 'Result on financial instruments measured at fair value through profit or loss and net foreign exchange gains', therefore appropriate restatements were made in presented income statement for the 6-month period ended 30 June 2014.

## 5.7. Selected accounting policies

The Group's accounting policies were presented in the annual consolidated financial statements of the Getin Noble Bank S.A. Capital Group for the year ended 31 December 2014 which was approved and published on 23 March 2015 and is available on the website: <u>http://gnb.pl/</u>.

Presented below are some of the accounting policies applied by the Group:



#### Consolidation rules

The consolidated financial statements comprise the financial statements of Getin Noble Bank S.A. as a parent company and its subsidiaries. The financial statements of the Bank and its subsidiaries used in the preparation of the consolidated financial statements shall have the same reporting date. When the end of the reporting period of the parent is different from that of a subsidiary, the subsidiary prepares, for consolidation purposes, additional financial information as of the same date as the financial statements of the parent to enable the parent to consolidate the financial information of the subsidiary.

The parent company prepares consolidated financial statements using uniform accounting principles (policies) for like transactions and other events in similar circumstances. If a member of the group uses accounting policies other than those adopted in the consolidated financial statements, appropriate adjustments are made to that group member's financial statements in preparing the consolidated financial statements to ensure conformity with the group's accounting policies.

#### **Subsidiaries**

The Bank, regardless of the nature of its involvement with an entity (the investee), shall determine whether it is a parent by assessing whether it controls the investee. An investor controls an investee when it is exposed, or has rights, to variable returns from its involvement with the investee and has the ability to affect those returns through its power over the investee.

Thus, the Bank controls an investee if and only if it has all the following:

- a) power over the investee,
- b) exposure, or rights, to variable returns from its involvement with the investee, and
- c) the ability to use its power over the investee to affect the amount of the investor's returns.

Consolidation of an investee shall begin from the date the investor obtains control of the investee and cease when the investor loses control of the investee.

Consolidated financial statements:

- a) combine like items of assets, liabilities, equity, income, expenses and cash flows of the Bank with those of its subsidiaries,
- b) offset (eliminate) the carrying amount of the parent's investment in each subsidiary and the parent's portion of equity of each subsidiary,
- c) eliminate in full intragroup assets and liabilities, equity, income, expenses and cash flows relating to transactions between entities of the group (profits or losses resulting from intragroup transactions that are recognised in assets, are eliminated in full). IAS 12 applies to temporary differences that arise from the elimination of profits and losses resulting from intragroup transactions.

The Bank shall attribute the profit or loss and each component of other comprehensive income to the owners of the parent and to the non-controlling interests. The Bank shall present non-controlling interests in the consolidated statement of financial position within equity, separately from the equity of the owners of the parent. Changes in a parent's ownership interest in a subsidiary that do not result in the parent losing control of the subsidiary are equity transactions. When the proportion of the equity held by non-controlling interests changes, the Bank shall adjust the carrying amounts of the controlling and non-controlling interests to reflect the changes in their relative interests in the subsidiary. The Bank shall recognise directly in equity any difference between the amount by which the non-controlling interests are adjusted and the fair value of the consideration paid or received, and attribute it to the owners of the parent.



If the Bank loses control of a subsidiary, it shall:

- a) derecognise the assets (including any goodwill) and liabilities of the subsidiary at their carrying amounts at the date when control is lost,
- b) derecognise the carrying amount of any non-controlling interests in the former subsidiary at the date when control is lost (including any components of other comprehensive income attributable to them),
- c) recognise the fair value of the consideration received, if any, from the transaction, event or circumstances that resulted in the loss of control,
- d) recognise if the transaction, event or circumstances that resulted in the loss of control involves a distribution of shares of the subsidiary to owners in their capacity as owners, that distribution,
- e) reclassify to profit or loss, or transfer directly to retained earnings the amounts recognised in other comprehensive income in relation to the subsidiary,
- f) recognise any investment retained in the former subsidiary at its fair value at the date when control is lost and subsequently accounts for it and for any amounts owed by or to the former subsidiary in accordance with relevant IFRSs,
- g) recognise any resulting difference as a gain or loss in profit or loss attributable to the parent.

#### Investments in associates and joint ventures

Associates are those entities over which the investor has significant influence. Significant influence is the power to participate in the financial and operating policy decisions of the investee but is not control or joint control of those policies.

Where the Bank holds 20% or more of the voting power (directly or through subsidiaries) on an investee, it will be presumed the Bank has significant influence unless it can be clearly demonstrated that this is not the case. If the holding is less than 20%, the entity will be presumed not to have significant influence unless such influence can be clearly demonstrated. The Bank loses significant influence over an investee when it loses the power to participate in the financial and operating policy decisions of that investee.

A joint venture is a joint arrangement whereby the parties that have joint control of the arrangement have rights to the net assets of the arrangement. A joint control is the contractually agreed sharing of control of an agreement, which exists only when decisions about the relevant activities require the unanimous consent of the parties sharing control.

With respect to the accounting for investments in associates and joint ventures the Group applies the equity method, under which, on initial recognition the investment is recognised at cost, and the carrying amount is increased or decreased to recognise the investor's share of the profit or loss of the investee after the date of acquisition. The investor's share of the investee's profit or loss is recognised in the investor's profit or loss, and the investor's other comprehensive income includes the investor's share of the investee's other comprehensive income. If an investor's share of losses of an associate or joint venture equals or exceeds its interest in the associate or joint venture, the investor discontinues recognising its share of further losses.

Profits and losses resulting from upstream and downstream transactions between the Bank and its subsidiaries and an associate or a joint venture are recognised in the Group's consolidated statements only to the extent of the unrelated investors' interest in the associate or the joint venture. The Bank's interest in the associate's or the joint venture's profit or loss from those transactions is eliminated.

At the end of each reporting period, the Group assesses the existence of circumstances which indicate the impairment of net investment in the associate or the joint venture. If such evidence exists, the Group estimates the recoverable



amount, i.e. the value in use of the investment or fair value less costs to sell of an asset, depending on which one is higher. And if the asset carrying amount exceeds its recoverable amount, the Group recognises impairment losses in the income statement.

#### Foreign currency translation

Transactions expressed in foreign currencies are converted to PLN at the exchange rate applicable as at the date of the transaction.

Monetary assets and liabilities denominated in foreign currencies are converted to PLN at average exchange rate of the National Bank of Poland applicable as at the reporting date. The resulting exchange rate differences are recognized under financial income (expense) or, in the cases provided for in the accounting policies, capitalized at the value of assets. Non-monetary assets and liabilities denominated in foreign currencies and recorded at their historical cost are converted to PLN at the exchange rate applicable at the date of the transaction. The non-monetary assets and liabilities measured at fair value are converted at the average exchange rate applicable as at the date of the measurement at fair value.

## 6. Significant values based on professional judgement and estimates

While preparing financial statements in accordance with IFRS, the Group is required to make estimates and assumptions that affect the amounts reported in the financial statements. These assumptions and estimates are reviewed on an ongoing basis by the Group's management and based on historical experience and various other factors, including such expectations as to the future events which seem justified in a particular situation. Although these estimates are based on the best knowledge of the current conditions and of the activities undertaken by the Group, the actual results may be different from these estimates. Estimates made as at the end of the given reporting period reflect the conditions as at the given date (e.g. currency exchange rates, interest rates, market prices).

#### Impairment of loans and advances

The value of loan portfolio of the Group is periodically assessed whether any indicators of impairment exist and what is the level of impairment allowances in accordance with IAS 39. Impairment loss is incurred if there is objective evidence of impairment as a result of one or more events that occurred after the initial recognition of the asset, and that loss event has an impact on the estimated future cash flows of the financial asset or group of financial assets that can be reliably estimated. The methodology and assumptions for estimating amounts of cash flows and the periods in which they occur is subject to review on a regular basis. As at 31 March 2015 Getin Noble Bank S.A. conducted a model recalibration used to calculate impairment write-downs, having regard to the PFSA recommendations. These recommendations were focused among others on expanding catalog of impairment indicators. In addition, the Bank introduced to the calculation of write-downs methodology the term of restructured exposures, lending credence period of restructuring and defined the principles for recognition of impairment for these loans.

#### Commissions for insurance

The Group offering insurance products to its customers, recognises revenue from insurance services based on professional judgement whether the sale of the insurance is limited to the provision of insurance products or the sale of insurance is linked to the lending product. If combined product is identified, the remuneration for the sale of insurance product is allotted and recognised as a part of amortized cost of lending product and as commission income related to agency



services. Allotment is made according to the ratio of the fair value of the lending product and the fair value of agency services in relation to the sum of these two values.

If the Bank performs activities or services related to the insurance product, or if the performance of such activities is likely, the commission for the agency services (in accordance with fair value allotment) is recognised in accordance with IAS 18 for the duration of the insurance contract according to the degree of completion of the service or activity.

In addition, the Bank estimates the share of commission that will be returned (e.g. due to the termination of the insurance contract by the customer, prepayments or other) in the periods after the sale of an insurance product. The estimated part of commission is deferred up to the value of expected returns.

#### Fair value of financial assets and liabilities

The fair value of derivatives, financial assets and financial liabilities not quoted on active markets is determined based on widely recognized measurement methods. All the models are subject to approval before application and calibrated to ensure that the results achieved reflect the actual data and comparable market prices. As far as practicable, the models use only observable data from an active market; however, under certain circumstances, the Bank estimates the relevant uncertainties (such as the counterparty risk, volatility and market correlations). Change in the assumptions adopted for these factors may affect the measurement of certain financial instruments.

#### Items of deferred tax assets

The Group recognizes deferred tax asset based on the assumption that future tax profits will be achieved which will allow for its utilization. The decrease in the tax results in the future could make this assumption unjustified.

## 7. Correction of prior period errors

In the 6-month period ended 30 June 2015 the Group did not make any corrections of prior period errors.

## 8. Net interest income

	01.01.2015- 30.06.2015 PLN thousand	01.01.2014- 30.06.2014 PLN thousand
Interest income related to:		
loans and advances to customers and finance lease	1,245,253	1,448,392
amounts due from banks and financial institutions	10,798	15,164
available-for-sale and held-to-maturity financial assets	112,637	145,432
derivative financial instruments	148,221	184,324
obligatory reserve	15,103	23,934
Total interest income	1,532,012	1,817,246
Interest expense related to:		
amounts due to customers	832,011	887,322
amounts due to banks and financial institutions	31,556	42,211
derivative financial instruments	31,489	66,616
debt securities issued	81,057	92,960
Total interest expense	976,113	1,089,109
Net interest income	555,899	728,137



## 9. Net fee and commission income

	01.01.2015- 30.06.2015 PLN thousand	01.01.2014- 30.06.2014 PLN thousand
Fee and commission income related to:		
loans, advances and leases granted	26,810	40,655
bank accounts service	26,018	34,113
payment cards and credit cards	18,530	27,785
investment products and asset management	97,602	112,684
insurance products	99,857	101,746
brokerage activities	12,525	19,344
other fee and commission income	2,035	1,230
Total fee and commission income	283,377	337,557
Fee and commission expense related to:		
loans, advances and leases granted	9,099	10,931
payment cards and credit cards	20,298	21,119
investment and deposit products and asset management	54,964	56,604
insurance products	6,110	13,246
brokerage activities	5,076	4,174
other fee and commission expense	3,852	3,227
Total fee and commission expense	99,399	109,301
Net fee and commission income	183,978	228,256

# 10. Result on loss of control over a subsidiary

	01.01.2015- 30.06.2015 PLN thousand
Revenue from sale of shares	144,671
Adjustment to the carrying amount of non-controlling interests	(74,451)
Fair value of the residual investment as at the date of loss of control	150,072
Carrying amount of non-controlling interests as at the date of loss of control	84,634
Value of net assets as at the date of loss of control	(170,280)
Profit before tax	134,646
Income tax	(24,958)
Net profit	109,688

# 11. Net other operating income and expense

	01.01.2015- 30.06.2015	01.01.2014- 30.06.2014 (restated)
	PLN thousand	PLN thousand
ther operating income:		
rental income	4,960	7,515
recovered legal and debt collection costs	2,782	10,860
revenues from lease activities	13,445	15,642
revenues from brokerage activities	2,482	2,470
other income	12,895	15,605
otal other operating income	36,564	52,092

Notes disclosed on pages from 10 to 43 are an integral part of the interim condensed consolidated financial statements. This is a translation of the consolidated quarterly report originally issued in Polish.

Interim condensed consolidated financial statements for the 6-month period ended 30 June 2015



(data in PLN thousand)

	01.01.2015- 30.06.2015	01.01.2014- 30.06.2014 (restated)
	PLN thousand	PLN thousand
Other operating expense: rental costs	2.369	6.879
debt collection and monitoring of receivables, including legal costs	18.617	25.219
recognition of provisions and impairment charges for other assets	7,589	13,824
costs related to investment products	2,004	2,904
costs of promotions and rewards for customers	14,109	15,455
other expense	19,250	17,828
Total other operating expense	63,938	82,109
Net other operating income and expense	(27,374)	(30,017)

## 12. Administrative expenses

	01.01.2015- 30.06.2015 PLN thousand	01.01.2014- 30.06.2014 (restated) PLN thousand
Employee benefits	197,381	204,575
Use of materials and energy	15,041	17,684
External services, of which:	163,106	163,679
marketing and advertising	39,703	33,077
IT services	16,299	12,288
lease and rental	57,580	63,077
security and cash processing services	3,376	3,642
telecommunication and postal services	19,969	23,735
legal and advisory services	4,738	4,685
other external services	21,441	23,175
Other taxes and charges	4,221	5,563
Payments to the Bank Guarantee Fund and the Polish Financial Supervision Authority	67,044	39,001
Amortisation and depreciation	35,967	35,562
Other expenses	5,590	4,617
Total administrative expenses	488,350	470,681

The amount of payments to the Bank Guarantee Fund for 2015 is PLN 119,339 thousand, of which the Group recognized in the income statement for the first half of 2015 – PLN 59,666 thousand.

Interim condensed consolidated financial statements for the 6-month period ended 30 June 2015 (data in PLN thousand)



# 13. Net impairment allowances on financial assets and off-balance sheet provisions

		Loans and advances to customers			Total – loans and	Amounts due from	Available-for- sale financial	Finance lease receivables	Off-balance sheet	Total
2015	corporate	car	mortgage	retail	advances	banks	assets	receivables	provisions	
	PLN thousand	PLN thousand	PLN thousand	PLN thousand	PLN thousand	PLN thousand	PLN thousand	PLN thousand	PLN thousand	PLN thousand
Impairment allowances/ provisions as at 01.01.2015	331,314	506,723	1,829,631	905,318	3,572,986	880	12,586	139,040	4,570	3,730,062
Net change in impairment allowances/ provisions recognised in the income statement	14,162	(31,842)	164,885	38,395	185,600	611	-	11,171	(2,029)	195,353
Utilisation - write-offs	(1,277)	(660)	(1,460)	(3,646)	(7,043)	-	-	(571)	-	(7,614)
Utilisation - sale of the portfolio	(94,291)	(221,499)	(32,648)	(366,413)	(714,851)	-	-	-	-	(714,851)
Net other increases/ (decreases)	(5,987)	(2,180)	(10,378)	(24,998)	(43,543)	-	-	(149,640)	-	(193,183)
Impairment allowances/ provisions as at 30.06.2015	243,921	250,542	1,950,030	548,656	2,993,149	1,491	12,586	-	2,541	3,009,767

	Loans and advances to customers			Total – loans and	Amounts due from	Available-for- sale financial	Finance lease receivables	Off-balance sheet	Total	
2014	corporate	car	mortgage	retail	advances	banks	assets	Tetervables	provisions	
	PLN thousand	PLN thousand	PLN thousand	PLN thousand	PLN thousand	PLN thousand	PLN thousand	PLN thousand	PLN thousand	PLN thousand
Impairment allowances/ provisions as at 01.01.2014	282,881	753,762	1,883,899	1,434,837	4,355,379	710	12,470	107,619	6,420	4,482,598
Net change in impairment allowances/ provisions recognised in the income statement	34,352	29,298	140,939	98,389	302,978	(35)	750	17,843	(1,094)	320,442
Utilisation - write-offs	(91)	(5,361)	(18,400)	(3,321)	(27,173)	-	-	(3,240)	-	(30,413)
Utilisation - sale of the portfolio	(8,985)	(248)	(259,135)	(251,783)	(520,151)	-	-	-	-	(520,151)
Net other increases/ (decreases)	(4,078)	(6,860)	(46,810)	(21,869)	(79,617)	-	-	747	-	(78,870)
Impairment allowances/ provisions as at 30.06.2014	304,079	770,591	1,700,493	1,256,253	4,031,416	675	13,220	122,969	5,326	4,173,606



## 14. Income tax

Current income tax is calculated according to Polish tax regulations. The basis of calculation is the pre-tax accounting profit adjusted for non-deductible costs, non-taxable income and other income and expenses changing the tax base as defined in the Act on Corporate Income Tax of 15 February 1992 with later amendments.

For purposes of financial reporting, deferred tax is calculated using the liability method in respect of temporary differences at the balance sheet date between the tax bases of assets and liabilities and their carrying amounts in the financial statements.

	01.01.2015- 30.06.2015 PLN thousand	01.01.2014- 30.06.2014 PLN thousand
Consolidated income statement		
Current income tax	6,134	7,643
Current tax charge	3,175	4,718
Adjustments related to current tax from previous years	2,959	2,925
Deferred income tax	5,131	(50,266)
Related to origination and reversal of temporary differences	80,654	(65,000)
Adjustments related to deferred tax from previous years	478	(344)
Utilisation of tax loss from previous years	-	15,078
Tax loss from current year	(76,001)	-
Tax charge/ (benefit) in the consolidated income statement	11,265	(42,623)
Consolidated statement of comprehensive income		
Current income tax		-
Deferred income tax	741	9,212
Related to origination and reversal of temporary differences, of which:	741	9,212
related to available-for-sale financial assets	(5,302)	10,260
related to cash flow hedges	6,043	(1,048)
Tax charge/(benefit) in the consolidated statement of comprehensive income	741	9,212
Total main components of tax charge/ (benefit)	12,006	(33,411)

Significant impact on the tax benefit recognised in the consolidated income statement for the first half of 2015 have deductible temporary differences between the value of leased fixed assets and the value of the net investment in the lease and between the book value and tax value of lease receivables in the amount of PLN 34,844 thousand (PLN 92,314 thousand in the first half of 2014), arising in leasing companies operating as limited joint-stock partnerships (SKA).

	30.06.2015	31.12.2014
	PLN thousand	PLN thousand
Deferred tax assets	562,558	935,935
Deferred tax liability	218,442	232,231
Net deferred tax assets	344,116	703,704

Due to the sale of 49.28% shares and the loss of control of Getin Leasing S.A. the deferred tax assets as at 30 June 2015 decreased by PLN 315,668 thousand in comparison to the beginning of the year.

The Group recognised in the first half of 2015 the deferred tax asset of PLN 71,013 thousand due to the tax loss. It is expected to be utilised within the terms in accordance with the provisions of the law on income tax from legal persons.



## 15. Loans and advances to customers and finance lease receivables

	30.06.2015	31.12.2014
	PLN thousand	PLN thousand
Loans and advances	48,434,893	48,119,284
Purchased receivables	4,842,093	364,081
Finance lease receivables	-	3,761,159
Total loans and advances to customers and finance lease receivables	53,276,986	52,244,524
Impairment allowances	(2,993,149)	(3,712,026)
Total loans and advances to customers and finance lease receivables net	50,283,837	48,532,498

30.06.2015	Gross value	Impairment allowances	Total net value
	PLN thousand	PLN thousand	PLN thousand
corporate loans	9,840,904	(243,921)	9,596,983
car loans	2,946,019	(250,542)	2,695,477
mortgage loans	35,656,412	(1,950,030)	33,706,382
retail loans	4,833,651	(548,656)	4,284,995
Total	53,276,986	(2,993,149)	50,283,837

31.12.2014	Gross value	Impairment allowances	Total net value
	PLN thousand	PLN thousand	PLN thousand
corporate loans and finance lease receivables	9,116,630	(470,354)	8,646,276
car loans	3,386,684	(506,723)	2,879,961
mortgage loans	34,830,808	(1,829,631)	33,001,177
retail loans	4,910,402	(905,318)	4,005,084
Total	52,244,524	(3,712,026)	48,532,498

In the first half of 2015 the Bank pursuing post-audit recommendations of the PFSA resulting from, inter alia, asset quality review (AQR) conducted last year, has modified impairment procedures and significantly expanded the list of indicators for the qualification of loan agreements as impaired.

Currently, within the defined indicators of impairment, the Bank recognises a condition associated with delays in repayment of more than three months, the so-called hard indicators (e.g. swindling of a loan/ credit, termination of the credit agreement, significant financial difficulties of a borrower that lower the counterparty risk categories, customer's death, multiple restructuring caused by difficulties of the client for individually significant loans) and the so-called soft indicators (e.g. obtaining an information about financial problems of a borrower, job loss, income reduction, not paying debts to other institutions, unknown place of resident or non-disclosure of client assets, loan is disputed by the debtor in court, exposure is in quarantine, another exposure of the same client infecting with impairment within the defined product groups, significant deterioration in results of the assessment scoring).

As a result of the changes more loans are classified as impaired, however the irregular exposures measured quantitatively (delay in repayment over 3 months) have not increased.

Impaired loans and advances to customers as at 30 June 2015:

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		Gross value of impaired loans		Total
30.06.2015	loans with repayment delay above 3 months	loans with repayment delay above 3 months or with hard evidence of impairment	loans with soft evidence of impairment	gross value of impaired loans
	PLN thousand	PLN thousand	PLN thousand	PLN thousand
corporate loans	471,784	728,022	205,984	934,006
car loans	311,378	338,384	106,415	444,799
mortgage loans	3,092,053	4,573,711	1,443,643	6,017,354
retail loans	665,848	743,091	396,514	1,139,605
Total	4,541,063	6,383,208	2,152,556	8,535,764

		Impairment allowances				
30.06.2015	loans with repayment delay above 3 months	loans with repayment delay above 3 months or with hard evidence of impairment	loans with soft evidence of impairment	impairment allowances		
	PLN thousand	PLN thousand	PLN thousand	PLN thousand		
corporate loans	(193,999)	(218,101)	(4,216)	(222,317)		
car loans	(219,570)	(223,842)	(11,749)	(235,591)		
mortgage loans	(1,606,624)	(1,790,034)	(80,659)	(1,870,693)		
retail loans	(467,816)	(477,657)	(30,937)	(508,594)		
Total	(2,488,009)	(2,709,634)	(127,561)	(2,837,195)		

#### CHF loans

In connection with the decision of the Swiss National Bank to withdraw from maintaining a fixed exchange rate EUR/CHF at the beginning of 2015 there has been a significant strengthening of the Swiss franc against the euro and the Polish zloty (as at 31 December 2014 the average PLN/CHF was 3.5447 as at 30 June 2015 - 4.0412). At the same time the Swiss National Bank lowered the interest rate to -0.75%, thus declined CHF LIBOR.

Presented below is the information about the portfolio and the quality of mortgage CHF loans:

30.06.2015	Gross value	of which: impaired loans with repayment delay above 90 days	Impairment allowances	of which: allowances for impaired loans with repayment delay above 90 days	Total net value
	PLN thousand	PLN thousand	PLN thousand	PLN thousand	PLN thousand
mortgage loans	14,174,646	396,332	(300,702)	(116,416)	13,873,944

31.12.2014	Gross value	of which: impaired loans with repayment delay above 90 days	Impairment allowances	of which: allowances for impaired loans with repayment delay above 90 days	Total net value
	PLN thousand	PLN thousand	PLN thousand	PLN thousand	PLN thousand
mortgage loans	12,875,508	361,310	(277,393)	(119,839)	12,598,115

Loans denominated to or indexed in CHF account for 27,7% of the total loan portfolio of the Bank, at present Getin Noble Bank S.A. does not grant the loans in Swiss Franc. More than 99.9% of the mortgage loans in CHF was granted prior to 2009.



The structure of the current CHF loan balance according to the date of origin:

Year of origin	before 2006	in 2006	in 2007	in 2008
% share in the current balance of CHF loans	5%	15%	35%	45%

The portfolio of loans denominated in or indexed to CHF decreases steadily.

Currency position on mortgages denominated in CHF is hedged primarily through derivatives (CIRS) as part of a global currency position management in the Getin Noble Bank S.A. Group.

#### Restructuring practices

The aim of the loan restructuring by the Bank is to maximize the efficiency of difficult debt management, i.e. to obtain the highest recoveries while minimizing the incurred costs related to the recovery of debts, ultimately aggravating the debtor.

The restructuring involves changing the terms of the loan repayment, which are individually set to each contract. These changes may relate in particular to:

- repayment period,
- loan schedule,
- interest rate,
- inflows of recognition order,
- collaterals.

As a result of restructuring annex and its timely servicing, the debt becomes not due. An element of the restructuring process is to assess the ability of the debtor to fulfil the conditions included in the restructuring annex (debt repayment on the scheduled dates). Open restructured agreement are subject to ongoing monitoring.

In 2014 after the entry into force of the CRR Regulation, for the purpose of calculating capital requirements the Bank introduced the definition of CRR restructuring. The CRR restructuring is the restructuring of borrower commitment made by the Bank, resulting in a reduction of financial obligations as a result of a redemption of a substantial part of principal, interest, fees or deferring repayment or payment. The Bank renegotiates contracts with debtors who find themselves in financial difficulties and are not able to meet the original terms of the loan agreement.

The following tables present the CRR restructured exposures:

Restructured exposures	Gross value of unimpaired Ioans	Gross value of impaired loans	Allowances for unimpaired Ioans	Allowances for impaired loans	Total net value
	PLN thousand	PLN thousand	PLN thousand	PLN thousand	PLN thousand
30.06.2015	527,582	1,748,234	(1,999)	(403,358)	1,870,459
31.12.2014	922,579	1,234,912	(19,196)	(320,465)	1,817,830

		30.06.2015			31.12.2014	
Restructured exposures – by geographical segments	Gross value	Allowances, including IBNR	Total net value	Gross value	Allowances, including IBNR	Total net value
	PLN thousand	PLN thousand	PLN thousand	PLN thousand	PLN thousand	PLN thousand
Poland	2,223,398	(397,864)	1,825,534	2,107,901	(335,418)	1,772,483
Other countries	52,418	(7,493)	44,925	49,590	(4,243)	45,347

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		30.06.2015			31.12.2014	
Restructured exposures – by type of debtor	Gross value	Allowances, including IBNR	Total net value	Gross value	Allowances, including IBNR	Total net value
	PLN thousand	PLN thousand	PLN thousand	PLN thousand	PLN thousand	PLN thousand
Loans and advances to:						
local government units	-	-	-	65	(35)	30
financial institutions other than banks	5,036	(1,087)	3,949	5,441	(1,161)	4,280
non-financial institutions other than natural persons	288,981	(71,196)	217,785	281,588	(60,212)	221,376
natural persons	1,981,799	(333,074)	1,648,725	1,870,397	(278,253)	1,592,144
Total	2,275,816	(405,357)	1,870,459	2,157,491	(339,661)	1,817,830

		30.06.2015			31.12.2014	
Restructured exposures — by type of debt	Gross value	Allowances, including IBNR	Total net value	Gross value	Allowances, including IBNR	Total net value
	PLN thousand	PLN thousand	PLN thousand	PLN thousand	PLN thousand	PLN thousand
corporate loans	118,394	(27,816)	90,578	115,641	(23,401)	92,240
car loans	39,179	(12,940)	26,239	39,817	(13,282)	26,535
mortgage loans	2,060,243	(349,304)	1,710,939	1,950,039	(291,628)	1,658,411
retail loans	58,000	(15,297)	42,703	51,994	(11,350)	40,644
Total	2,275,816	(405,357)	1,870,459	2,157,491	(339,661)	1,817,830

		30.06.2015			31.12.2014	
Restructured exposures – by due dates	Gross value	Allowances, including IBNR	Total net value	Gross value	Allowances, including IBNR	Total net value
	PLN thousand	PLN thousand	PLN thousand	PLN thousand	PLN thousand	PLN thousand
not overdue and overdue up to 30 days	1,486,111	(102,291)	1,383,820	1,356,942	(68,517)	1,288,425
overdue over 30 days to 90 days	184,615	(29,157)	155,458	275,395	(35,297)	240,098
overdue over 90 days	605,090	(273,909)	331,181	525,154	(235,847)	289,307
Total	2,275,816	(405,357)	1,870,459	2,157,491	(339,661)	1,817,830

## 16. Investments in associates

Information on associates of the Group are the following:

	% share in sha rights to votes	
	30.06.2015	31.12.2014
Open Finance S.A.	42.15%	42.15%

Open Finance S.A. is consolidated in the consolidated financial statements with equity method.

Investments in associates at the beginning of the period	01.01.2015- 30.06.2015 PLN thousand 370,012	01.01.2014- 30.06.2014 PLN thousand 357,492
Share of profit/ (loss) *	6,134	5,765
Adjustments for changes in accounting policies	(35,093)	(35,093)
Investments in associates at the end of the period	341,053	328,164

\* Share of profit of associates included in the consolidated income statement was adjusted for the elimination of the Bank's share of unrealised gains on transactions between the Bank and entities of Open Finance S.A. Group.

Notes disclosed on pages from 10 to 43 are an integral part of the interim condensed consolidated financial statements. This is a translation of the consolidated quarterly report originally issued in Polish.



Presented below is a summary of the financial data of the associate. The amounts shown come from the consolidated financial statements of the Open Finance S.A. Capital Group prepared in accordance with IFRS.

	30.06.2015	<b>31.12.2014</b> (restated)
	PLN thousand	PLN thousand
Non-current assets	513,694	504,101
Current assets	118,063	126,541
Current liabilities	185,589	210,794
Non-current liabilities	60,028	43,716

	01.01.2015- 30.06.2015	01.01.2014- 30.06.2014 (restated)
Sales revenues	PLN thousand 180,284	PLN thousand 180,006
Net profit *	14,552	8,095
Total comprehensive income *	14,552	8,095

\* Attributable to equity holders of the parent

The fair value of the investment in Open Finance S.A., for which there are published price quotations amounted to PLN 118,444 thousand as at 30 June 2015.

## 17. Investments in joint ventures

Information on joint ventures of the Group are the following:

	% share in share capital and rights to votes by the Group
	30.06.2015
Getin Leasing S.A.	50.72%

Getin Leasing S.A. is consolidated in the consolidated financial statements with equity method.

Investments in joint ventures at the beginning of the period	01.01.2015- 30.06.2015 PLN thousand -
Purchase/ (sale) of shares	150,072
Share of profit/ (loss)	9,372
Investments in joint ventures at the end of the period	159,444

Presented below is a summary of the financial data of the joint venture. The amounts shown come from the consolidated statement of financial position and the consolidated income statement of the Getin Leasing S.A. Capital Group prepared in accordance with IFRS.

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	30.06.2015
	PLN thousand
Non-current assets	3,130,223
Current assets	1,852,988
Current liabilities	1,929,765
Non-current liabilities	2,864,689

	01.01.2015- 30.06.2015 PLN thousand
Sales revenues	102,872
Net profit	50,845
Total comprehensive income	50,845

# 18. Amounts due to customers

	30.06.2015 PLN thousand	31.12.2014 PLN thousand
Amounts due to corporate entities	10,172,916	10,936,428
current accounts and overnight deposits	1,829,514	1,869,392
term deposits	8,343,402	9,067,036
Amounts due to budgetary entities	2,946,779	2,757,360
current accounts and overnight deposits	1,196,872	1,336,607
term deposits	1,749,907	1,420,753
Amounts due to natural persons	42,031,739	40,152,983
current accounts and overnight deposits	6,130,190	5,232,220
term deposits	35,901,549	34,920,763
Total amounts due to customers	55,151,434	53,846,771

	30.06.2015 PLN thousand	31.12.2014 PLN thousand
Current accounts and overnight deposits	9,156,576	8,438,219
Term liabilities with due date:	45,994,858	45,408,552
up to 1 month	10,094,448	9,331,010
from 1 month to 3 months	13,347,516	13,473,766
from 3 months to 6 months	9,889,554	10,892,621
from 6 months to 1 year	8,733,949	7,679,402
from 1 year to 5 years	2,392,099	2,453,423
over 5 years	1,537,292	1,578,330
Total amounts due to customers	55,151,434	53,846,771



## 19. Provisions

2015	Restructuring provision	Provision for litigation	Provision for employee benefits	Provision for issued commitments and guarantees	Total
	PLN thousand	PLN thousand	PLN thousand	PLN thousand	PLN thousand
Balance as at 01.01.2015	394	3,827	16,411	4,570	25,202
Recognition/ actualisation	-	-	4,077	2,318	6,395
Utilisation	(155)	-	(669)	-	(824)
Reversal	(239)	(350)	(511)	(4,347)	(5,447)
Other decreases	-	-	(606)	-	(606)
Balance as at 30.06.2015	-	3,477	18,702	2,541	24,720

2014	Restructuring provision	Provision for litigation	Provision for employee benefits	Provision for issued commitments and guarantees	Total
	PLN thousand	PLN thousand	PLN thousand	PLN thousand	PLN thousand
Balance as at 01.01.2014	-	4,304	15,909	6,420	26,633
Recognition/ actualisation	5,716	1,553	3,014	8,516	18,799
Utilisation	-	(2,030)	(892)	-	(2,922)
Reversal	-	-	(404)	(9,610)	(10,014)
Balance as at 30.06.2014	5,716	3,827	17,627	5,326	32,496

## 20. Hedge accounting

In the Group only Getin Noble Bank S.A. applies the hedge accounting and hedges against changes in cash flows for mortgage loan portfolio denominated in CHF and EUR with separated portfolio explicitly determined CIRS float-to-fixed CHF/PLN and EUR/PLN hedging transactions and cash flow hedge of PLN deposits portfolio with separated from real CIRS transactions explicitly determined portfolio of IRS fixed-to-float hedging transactions. During the hedge period the Bank assesses the effectiveness of hedge relationship. The change of fair value of hedging instruments is recognised in revaluation reserve in the amount of effective part of hedge. Ineffective part of hedge is recognised in the income statement.

Effective part recognised in revaluation reserve after the date of redesignation of hedge relationship is subject to gradual reclassification (amortization in profit or loss account), in accordance with the schedule developed by the Bank, until the maturity term of initial portfolio. The value of effective change in fair value of hedging instruments, presented in revaluation reserve as at 30 June 2015, amounts to PLN -127,117 thousand. Cash flows relating to hedged transactions will be realised from 1 July 2015 to 15 December 2020, i.e. to maturity date of the longest CIRS transaction.

The maturity dates of CIRS hedging transactions (in nominal value) as at 30 June 2015 and 31 December 2014 are as follows:

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	30.06	30.06.2015	
	Receivables	Liabilities	
Naturity dates of CIRS hedging transactions:	PLN thousand	PLN thousand	
up to 1 month	332,300	404,120	
over 1 month to 3 months	1,692,338	1,980,188	
over 3 months to 1 year	5,246,526	5,990,839	
over 1 year to 5 years	4,695,838	5,475,826	
over 5 years	3,203,720	3,738,110	
Razem transakcje zabezpieczające CIRS	15,170,722	17,589,083	

	31.12	31.12.2014	
	Receivables	Liabilities	
Maturity dates of CIRS hedging transactions:	PLN thousand	PLN thousand	
over 1 month to 3 months	136,900	177,235	
over 3 months to 1 year	4,276,657	4,466,755	
over 1 year to 5 years	7,640,044	7,963,276	
over 5 years	3,203,721	3,278,848	
Total CIRS hedging transactions	15,257,322,,,,	15,886,114,	

The fair value of cash flow hedging instruments as at 30 June 2015 and 31 December 2014 is presented below. As the fair value of the hedging instrument its carrying value is given.

	30.06.2015 PLN thousand	31.12.2014 PLN thousand
CIRS - positive valuation	6,379	945
CIRS - negative valuation	(1,970,654)	(665,611)

The change in fair value of cash flow hedge recognised in revaluation reserve is presented below:

	01.01.2015- 30.06.2015 PLN thousand	01.01.2014- 30.06.2014 PLN thousand
Accumulated comprehensive income at the beginning of the period (gross)	(188,738)	(116,026)
Gains/(losses) on hedging instrument	(1,452,878)	(40,076)
Amount transferred from other comprehensive income to income statement, of which:	1,484,682	34,560
interest income	(101,737)	(120,134)
gains/(losses) on foreign exchange	1,586,419	154,694
Accumulated comprehensive income at the end of the period (gross)	(156,934)	(121,542)
Tax effect	29,817	23,093
Accumulated comprehensive income at the end of the period (net)	(127,117)	(98,449)
Ineffective cash flow hedges recognised through profit and loss	(10,094)	(10,293)
Effect on other comprehensive income in the period (gross)	31,804	(5,516)
Deferred tax on cash flow hedge	(6,043)	1,048
Effect on other comprehensive income in the period (net)	25,761	(4,468)

Getin Noble Bank S.A. applies fair value hedge accounting. The Bank uses hedge of fair value of the PLN deposits portfolio based on a fixed rate against changes in fair value due to the risk of changes in a benchmark interest rate WIBOR.



Hedging instrument is a part or all of the cash flows arising from IRS transactions concluded by the Bank. The Bank designates hedging relationships based on sensitivity analysis of the fair value of the hedged portfolio of deposits and portfolio of hedging instruments to the risk of changes in a benchmark interest rate WIBOR. This analysis is based on a measure of "BPV" and "duration". The effectiveness of the hedging relationship is measured on a monthly basis.

Fair value of IRS transactions designated as hedging instruments under fair value hedge of PLN fixed-rate deposits against interest rate risk as at 30 June 2015 and 31 December 2014 is presented in the following table:

	30.06.2015 PLN thousand	31.12.2014 PLN thousand
Fair value of IRS transactions constituting accounting hedges under the fair value hedge of retail customer deposits against interest rate risk	9,440	15,352

During the reporting period, the Bank recognised the following amounts arising from changes in the fair value of the hedging instrument and the hedged item:

	01.01.2015 -	01.01.2015 - 30.06.2015		01.01.2014 - 30.06.2014	
	Of the hedging instrument	Of the hedged item	Of the hedging instrument	Of the hedged item	
	PLN thousand	PLN thousand	PLN thousand	PLN thousand	
Gains	-	4,781	5,636	-	
Losses	5,913	-	-	5,708	
Total	5,913	4,781	5,636	5,708	

# 21. Seasonality of operations

There are not any significant seasonal fluctuation factors in the Group activities and thus the presented results of the Group are not subject to significant fluctuations during the year.

## 22. Issue, redemption and repurchase of securities

During the 6-month period ended 30 June 2015, the following issues and redemptions of bonds were made by Getin Noble Bank S.A.:

Type of securities issued	lssue date	Redemption date	Number of securities	Nominal value PLN thousand
Getin Noble Bank Bonds GNB14019	2015-02-17	2015-09-16	300	30,000
Getin Noble Bank Bonds GNB15001	2015-02-20	2015-08-20	235	23,500
Getin Noble Bank Bonds GNB15002	2015-03-16	2015-09-16	200	20,000
Getin Noble Bank Bonds GNB15003	2015-03-24	2015-06-10	180	18,000
Getin Noble Bank Bonds SP-I	2015-03-23	2020-03-23	50,000	50,000
Getin Noble Bank Bonds GNB15004	2015-04-10	2015-10-09	200	20,000
Getin Noble Bank Bonds GNB15005	2015-04-30	2015-10-09	300	30,000
Getin Noble Bank Bonds GNB15006	2015-05-05	2015-08-03	200	20,000
Getin Noble Bank Bonds GNB15007	2015-05-13	2015-10-09	150	15,000
Getin Noble Bank Bonds GNB15008	2015-05-18	2015-08-18	230	23,000
Getin Noble Bank Bonds GNB15009	2015-05-18	2015-08-18	150	15,000
Getin Noble Bank Bonds GNB15010	2015-06-09	2015-10-09	600	60,000
Total			52,745	324,500

Interim condensed consolidated financial statements for the 6-month period ended 30 June 2015 (data in PLN thousand)



Type of redeemed securities	lssue date	Redemption date	Number of securities	Nominal value PLN thousand
Getin Noble Bank Bonds 3/2014	2014-01-10	2015-01-09	200	20,000
Getin Noble Bank Bonds 5/2014	2014-01-16	2015-01-21	400	40,000
Getin Noble Bank Bonds GNB14007	2014-08-14	2015-02-16	450	45,000
Getin Noble Bank Bonds GNB14009	2014-08-21	2015-02-20	300	30,000
Getin Noble Bank Bonds GNB14010	2014-08-28	2015-02-27	800	80,000
Getin Noble Bank Bonds GNB14011	2014-09-05	2015-03-05	300	30,000
Getin Noble Bank Bonds GNB14012	2014-09-19	2015-03-19	300	30,000
Getin Noble Bank Bonds 12/2013	2015-04-09	2015-04-07	70	35,000
Getin Noble Bank Bonds GNB14013	2014-10-10	2015-04-10	700	70,000
Getin Noble Bank Bonds 3/2011	2011-04-19	2015-04-15	47	4,700
Getin Noble Bank Bonds GNB14014	2014-10-30	2015-04-30	300	30,000
Getin Noble Bank Bonds GNB14015	2014-11-05	2015-05-05	250	25,000
Getin Noble Bank Bonds 20/2013	2013-05-10	2015-05-11	80	8,000
Getin Noble Bank Bonds 19/2013	2013-05-10	2015-05-11	150	15,000
Getin Noble Bank Bonds GNB14016	2014-11-18	2015-05-18	400	40,000
Getin Noble Bank Bonds GNB14017	2014-11-25	2015-05-25	300	30,000
Getin Noble Bank Bonds GNB15003	2015-03-24	2015-06-10	180	18,000
Getin Noble Bank Bonds 8/2011	2011-06-20	2015-06-16	103	10,300
Total			5,330	561,000

## 23. Dividends paid and proposed

In the reporting period the parent entity did not pay or declare any dividends.

On 12 May 2015 the General Shareholders Meeting of Getin Noble Bank S.A. decided to allocate the Bank's full profit for the year 2014 to increase the reserve capital.

## 24. Contingent liabilities

The Group has commitments to grant loans. These commitments comprise approved but not fully utilised loans, unused credit card limits and unused overdraft limits on current accounts. The Group issues guarantees and letters of credit which serve as security in case the Group's customers will discharge their liabilities towards third parties. The Group charges fee for these commitments issued which are settled in accordance with the nature of the given instrument.

Provisions are recognised for contingent liabilities with the risk of loss of value of the underlying assets. If, at the balance sheet date, objective evidence has been identified that assets underlying contingent liabilities are impaired, the Group creates a provision in the amount of a difference between statistically estimated part of the off-balance sheet exposure (balance sheet equivalent of current off-balance sheet items) and the present value of estimated future cash flows. The created provision does not reduce the value of the assets underlying the off-balance sheet contingent liabilities and is recognised in the statement of financial positions under "Provisions" and in the income statement.

Interim condensed consolidated financial statements for the 6-month period ended 30 June 2015 (data in PLN thousand)



	30.06.2015	31.12.2014
	PLN thousand	PLN thousand
Financial contingent liabilities granted	2,118,525	1,934,915
to financial entities	37,162	42,561
to non-financial entities	1,699,877	1,809,312
to budgetary entities	381,486	83,042
Guarantees granted	169,320	168,569
to financial entities	5,061	12,368
to non-financial entities	153,228	110,765
to budgetary entities	11,031	45,436
Total contingent liabilities granted	2,287,845	2,103,484

	30.06.2015	31.12.2014
	PLN thousand	PLN thousand
Financial	350,000	406,558
Guarantees	364,920	304,461
Total contingent liabilities received	714,920	711,019

## 25. Fair value of assets and liabilities

The fair value is the price that would be obtained for the sale of an asset or paid to transfer a liability in a transaction carried out in the normal manner between market participants at the measurement date. For many financial instruments their market values are not available, therefore fair values are estimated using various valuation techniques. The fair value of financial assets and liabilities was measured using a model based on estimates of present value of future cash flows by discounting cash flows using market interest rates.

For certain classes of assets and liabilities due to the lack of expected significant differences between the carrying value and fair value, due to their characteristics, it was assumed that the carrying amount is in line with their fair value.

The principal methods and assumptions used in estimating the fair value of financial assets and liabilities that in the consolidated statement of financial position are not stated at fair value are as follows:

#### Cash and balances with the Central Bank

Due to the short-term nature of these assets it is assumed that the carrying value is consistent with the fair value.

#### Amounts due from banks and financial institutions

The amounts due from banks consist primarily of deposits concluded in the interbank market and securities for derivatives transactions (CIRS). Deposits made in the interbank market are fixed-rate short-term deposits. For this reason, it was assumed that the fair value of amounts due from banks is equal to their book value.

#### Loans and advances to customers

The fair value was calculated for loans with a fixed payment schedule. For contracts where such payments have not been defined (e.g. bank overdraft), it is assumed that the fair value is equal to the carrying value. Similar assumption is accepted for payments due and the agreements with the impairment.

In order to calculate the fair value, based on the information recorded in transactional systems, for each loan agreement a schedule of principal and interest cash flows is identified, which are grouped by type of interest rate, start date, type of product and the currency in which the agreement is performed. So established cash flows were discounted using rates which take into account the current margins for each product type. In the case of foreign currency loans for which there



is no adequate new loans trial in the period considered, a margins are established as for loans in PLN adjusted for historical differences between the margins for loans in PLN and in foreign currencies. Comparison of the amount of cash flows associated with the agreement discounted with the interest with its book value, determines the difference between the fair value and the carrying amount. Identifying right interest rate to discount the cash flow is based on the currency of the agreement, the product and date of the cash flow.

#### Amounts due to banks and financial institutions

It is assumed that the fair value of deposits from other banks and floating-rate loans taken out in the interbank market is their carrying amount.

#### Amounts due to customers

The fair value was calculated for fixed-rate deposits with a fixed maturity. For demand deposits, it is assumed that the fair value is equal to their book value. In order to calculate the fair value on the basis of data from transactional systems future principal and interest cash flows are determined, which are grouped according to the currency of the period of the original deposit, the nature of the product and date of cash flows. The calculated cash flows are discounted with interest rate constructed as the sum of the market rate of the yield curve for each currency and deposits and completion date profit margins on deposits run in the final month of the period. The margin is calculated by comparing interest rates on deposits granted in the last month with market interest. The discounting period is defined as the difference between the end of the deposit (the accepted accuracy of the calendar month) and the date on which the report is presented. Calculated in this way, the discounted value is compared to the carrying value, with the result that we get the difference between the carrying value and fair value of the portfolio of contracts taken to the calculation.

#### Debt securities issued

It was assumed that the fair value of issued bonds that are not traded on an active market is their carrying amount. The fair value of debt securities listed on the Catalyst bond market was estimated on the basis of market quotations.

Due to the fact that for the majority of financial assets and liabilities carried at amortised cost (other than those described in detail above) using the effective interest rate the period of the next revaluation does not exceed 3 months, the carrying value of these items is not materially different from their fair values.

30.06.2015 31.12.2014 Carrying Fair Carrying Fair amount value amount value PLN thousand **PLN thousand** PLN thousand PLN thousand ASSETS 3,697,553 3,697,553 2,840,583, 2,840,583 Cash and balances with the Central Bank Amounts due from banks and financial institutions 2,848,639 2,444,066 2,444,066 2,848,639 Loans and advances to customers and finance lease receivables 50,283,837 49,548,946 48,532,498 47,769,944 Held-to-maturity financial assets 185,497 180,623 136,780 132,923 LIABILITIES Amounts due to banks and financial institutions 4,107,985 4,107,985 4,822,299 4,822,299 Amounts due to customers 55,151,434 55,768,538 53,846,771 54,311,577 Debt securities issued 3,263,631 3.208.100 3,754,761 3,743,295

Presented below is a summary of the carrying amounts and fair values of financial assets and liabilities:

The Group classifies the individual assets and liabilities measured and presented in the financial statements at fair value by applying the following hierarchy:



#### Level 1

Financial assets and liabilities measured at fair value based on market quotations available in active markets for identical instruments. To this category the Group classifies available-for-sale debt and equity financial assets for which there exists an active market and a portfolio of liquid debt and equity securities of Brokerage House traded on a regulated market.

#### Level 2

Assets and liabilities measured using techniques based on market quotations directly observed or other information based on market quotations. To this category the Group classifies debt and equity securities of limited liquidity in the portfolio of Brokerage House traded on a regulated market, available-for-sale the NBP bills valued on the basis of the reference curve, investment certificates valued at the price announced by the fund, derivatives as well as investment properties.

#### Level 3

Financial assets and liabilities measured using techniques based quotations which cannot be directly observed on the market. To this category the Group classifies shares and equity instruments that are not traded on a regulated market, valued at cost less impairment losses and financial assets which fair value is determined using internal valuation models.

The carrying amounts of financial instruments at fair value by 3 hierarchy levels as at 30 June 2015 and 31 December 2014 are presented below:

30.06.2015	Level 1 PLN thousand	Level 2 PLN thousand	Level 3 PLN thousand	Total PLN thousand
ASSETS				
Financial assets held for trading	1,062	-	11,713	12,775
Financial assets at fair value through profit or loss	-	-	170,457	170,457
Derivative financial instruments	-	213,253	35,143	248,396
Available-for-sale financial assets	6,366,640	3,400,386	181,710	9,948,736
Investment properties	-	530,263	-	530,263
LIABILITIES				
Derivative financial instruments	-	2,086,198	-	2,086,198

31.12.2014	Level 1 PLN thousand	Level 2 PLN thousand	Level 3 PLN thousand	Total PLN thousand
ASSETS				
Financial assets held for trading	476	-	16,596	17,072
Financial assets at fair value through profit or loss	-	-	170,371	170,371
Derivative financial instruments	-	215,747	31,580	247,327
Available-for-sale financial assets	7,811,165	3,300,351	293,373	11,404,889
Investment properties	-	452,244	-	452,244
LIABILITIES				
Derivative financial instruments	-	742,815	-	742,815

In the 6-month period of 2015 and 2014 there were no movements between level 1 and level 2 of the fair value hierarchy, neither any asset or liability was moved from level 1 or level 2 to level 3 of fair value hierarchy.

Valuation techniques and inputs when measuring fair value of assets and liabilities classified at level 2 and 3 of the fair value hierarchy are as follows:

#### Derivative financial instruments

Option transactions characterised by a non-linear values profile are measured on the basis of valuation models (Black, 76,



replication model, Bachelier model, Monte Carlo simulation) with parameters corresponding to the valued instruments. The market inputs in this case are foreign exchange rates, index levels, volatility surfaces of the option strategies and data allowing the construction of discount curves.

Other derivatives of the linear nature are valued based on discounted cash flow model using the discount curves and projection curves, generated on the basis of market quotations for financial instruments. Discount curves are constructed according to the concept of discounting on the basis of the cost of security, using OIS rates, SWAP points quotations, FRA transactions, IRS, tenor basis swaps and CCBS credit. In addition, for the instruments based on a variable interest rate curve the projection curve is constructed, based on quotations of FRA transactions, IRS and the appropriate reference indices.

Valuation of the put option on held shares portfolio, classified at level 3 of the fair value hierarchy, is made with the Black-Scholes model using the current market parameters and the fair value of the shares derived from the valuation of the company. The fair value of the option amounted to PLN 35,143 thousand. If share value increases by 1%, the fair value of the option will be reduced by PLN 533 thousand, if share value drops by 1%, the value of the option will increase by PLN 541 thousand.

#### The NBP bills

The measurement is based on the reference curve, constructed on the basis of short-term interbank deposits.

#### Shares and equity instruments without quoted market price

The Group considers the best measure of fair value of shares and equity instruments that do not have a quoted market price in an active market to be the cost less any impairment losses.

Shares classified as financial assets at fair value through profit or loss are valued based on a valuation made by an independent entity specialising in this type of service. The valuation is carried out using the income method and the indicator method based on market indicators (P/E and BV) of a group of comparable companies. Each of these methods are granted equal weight.

#### Corporate bonds

Measurement of available-for-sale debt securities categorised within Level 3 of the fair value hierarchy is based on a discounted cash flow model, and the discount rate for unrealised cash flows is based on market discount rate determined from the zero-coupon curve plus a risk premium, appropriate for a given security. The risk premium as an unobservable input on the market, is calculated by an entity providing services of corporate bonds placement. Depending on the type of paper and the issuer, the premium is calculated as:

- The issue margin for securities issued in the last six months, if the issuer is not affiliated with the Bank,
- adjusted margin of other securities of the same issuer,
- adjusted margin of securities of other issuer (group of issuers) similar in its characteristics to the issuer of the measured securities.

The fair value of securities measured in accordance with the above valuation model (using margins in the range of 0.36% to 5.05%) amounted to PLN 130,100 thousand. In case of upward shift of risk margins by 25 basis points the fair value decreases by PLN 671 thousand, in case of downward shift of risk margins by 25 basis points the fair value increases by PLN 678 thousand.

Principles for the measurement of corporate securities are included in the procedure introduced by the Resolution of the Management Board of the Bank. The measurement is made in the Bank's transaction system based on the prices calculated by the Market Risk and Valuation Department – a unit responsible for the valuation of financial instruments in the Bank. The unit price of the securities is estimated periodically on the basis of the discounted cash flow model as described above.



#### Investment properties

The fair value of investment properties as at 30 June 2015 was measured based on the valuation carried out on that day by independent valuers and Real Estate Valuation Unit in Getin Noble Bank S.A., which are skilled to make investment properties valuation, as well as experienced in such valuations made in locations were assets of the Group are situated. The valuation of the investment properties was carried out by reference to market prices of similar properties using the average price adjustment method or pair comparison in comparative approach. In case of lack of transactions concerning similar properties, the value of a property was specified by investment method in accordance with income approach, straight capitalisation technique. Estimating the fair value of properties, most favourable and best use approach was used (what is the valid use of these properties).

## 26. Capital ratio

As at 30 June 2015 the capital ratio was calculated in accordance with the *Regulation of the European Parliament and of the Council (EU) No 575/2013 of 26 June 2013 on prudential requirements and investment firms* (CRR).

	30.06.2015 PLN thousand	31.12.2014 PLN thousand
Tier 1 capital	5,106,440	4,936,033
Tier 2 capital	1,610,073	1,742,616
TOTAL OWN FUNDS	6,716,513	6,678,649
TOTAL CAPITAL REQUIREMENTS	4,117,342	4,089,447
CAPITAL RATIOS		
Tier 1 capital ratio	9.9%	9.7%
Total capital ratio	13.1%	13.1%

On 16 June 2015 the Bank received the approval to include in the consolidated Common Equity Tier 1 capital of the Getin Noble Bank S.A. Group a prudentially consolidated net profit of the Group for the first quarter of 2015 of PLN 135,702 thousand.

#### Prudential consolidation

Getin Noble Bank S.A. carries out a prudential consolidation of institutions and financial institutions that are its subsidiaries (as defined in Article 4 paragraph 1 of the CRR) in connection with the obligation to apply the requirements on a consolidated basis in accordance with the provisions of Part One, Title II, Chapter 2 of the CRR.

Prudentially consolidated financial data have been prepared in accordance with the Group's accounting policies, which have been applied in the consolidated financial statements of the Getin Noble Bank S.A. Group for the year ended 31 December 2014 prepared in accordance with International Financial Reporting Standards as adopted by the EU, meeting the requirements of Article 24 of the CRR on the valuation of assets and off-balance sheet items.

As at 30 June 2015 the following subsidiaries of Getin Noble Bank S.A. were prudentially consolidated using full consolidation method:

- institutions: BPI Bank Polskich Inwestycji S.A. and Noble Securities S.A.,
- financial institutions: Noble Funds TFI S.A.

Until the end of the first quarter of 2015 financial data of Getin Leasing S.A. were fully consolidated.



Other subsidiaries of the Bank do not meet the definition of institution or financial institution. In the Getin Noble Bank S.A. Capital Group there are no ancillary services undertakings which would be subject to prudential consolidation in accordance with Article 18 paragraph 8 of the CRR.

Under Article 18 paragraph 5 of the CRR the competent authorities shall determine whether and how consolidation is to be carried out in the case of participations or capital ties other than those referred to in Article 18 paragraphs 1 and 2 of the CRR. Until the date of these financial data, regulations in this respect have not been taken and published by the competent authorities. In the case of the Getin Noble Bank S.A. Group this applies to the recognition in the prudential consolidation of associate Open Finance S.A. and joint venture Getin Leasing S.A., which in the consolidated financial statements of the Group are valued with the equity method. Due to the lack of guidance in this regard, the Bank adopted a conservative approach and did not include the financial data of the entities under the equity method in the prudential consolidation. It should be taken into account that in the case of the publication of the relevant guidelines, prudentially consolidated profit of the Group for the 6-month period ended 30 June 2015 would differ from the profit presented in these financial statements.

Presented below is the consolidated income statement under the prudential consolidation prepared in order to qualify the consolidated profit for the own funds calculation of the capital ratio at the consolidated level in accordance with Article 26 paragraph 2 of the CRR.

01.01.2015 - 30.06.2015	Accounting consolidation PLN thousand	Adjustments PLN thousand	Prudential consolidation PLN thousand
Interest income	1,532,012	17,826	1,549,838
Interest expense	(976,113)	(22,575)	(998,688)
Net interest income	555,899	(4,749)	551,150
Fee and commission income	283,377	550	283,927
Fee and commission expense	(99,399)	(70)	(99,469)
Net fee and commission income	183,978	480	184,458
Dividend income	14,077	2,747	16,824
Result on financial instruments measured at fair value through profit or loss and net foreign exchange gains	15,873	-	15,873
Result on other financial instruments	147,295	-	147,295
Other operating income	36,564	(5,187)	31,377
Other operating expense	(63,938)	6,335	(57,603)
Net other operating income and expense	(27,374)	1,148	(26,226)
Administrative expenses	(488,350)	(197)	(488,547)
Net impairment allowances on financial assets and off-balance sheet provisions	(195,353)	2,635	(192,718)
Operating profit	206,045	2,064	208,109
Share of profits/ (losses) of associates	4,615	(4,615)	-
Share of profits/ (losses) of joint ventures	9,372	(9,372)	-
Profit before tax	220,032	(11,923)	208,109
Income tax	(11,265)	741	(10,524)
Net profit	208,767	(11,182)	197,585
Attributable to:			
equity holders of the parent	198,588	(11,182)	187,406
non-controlling interests	10,179	-	10,179

Notes disclosed on pages from 10 to 43 are an integral part of the interim condensed consolidated financial statements. This is a translation of the consolidated quarterly report originally issued in Polish.



# 27. Information on operating segments

The following reporting operating segments occur within the Group:

#### Banking

The scope of Group's activities covered by this segment is providing banking services and conducting business activity in the area of: accepting cash deposits payable on demand or on maturity date, running the deposit accounts, running other bank accounts, granting loans, issuing and confirming bank guarantees and opening and confirming letters of credit, issuing bank securities, running banking cash settlements, granting cash loans, cheque and bill of exchange operations and operations relating to warrants, issuing payment cards and carrying out operations with the use of these cards, term financial operations, purchases and sales of cash debts, safeguarding of items and securities and providing safe boxes, running purchase and sale of foreign currencies, granting and confirming guarantees, performing ordered activities, connected with the issue of securities, intermediary in monetary transfers and settlements in foreign exchange transactions. The Group conducts its activity in this segment throughout the country, provides private banking services - current accounts for individual customers, savings accounts, deposits, consumer and mortgage loans, term deposits, both in zlotys and foreign currencies.

This segment contains also leasing activity including lease of vehicles, machinery and equipment as well as fleet management and concierge services.

The segment's income includes all income recognised by Getin Noble Bank S.A., BPI Bank Polskich Inwestycji S.A., Noble Concierge sp. z o.o. and GNB Auto Plan sp. z o.o., Green FIZAN, as well as Getin Leasing S.A. Group for the first quarter of 2015. Assets of this segment comprise assets of Getin Noble Bank S.A., BPI Bank Polskich Inwestycji S.A., Noble Concierge sp. z o.o. and GNB Auto Plan sp. z o.o., as well as Green FIZAN.

#### Financial intermediary

The scope of Group's activities covered by this segment is providing services related to financial intermediation - loans, savings, investment intermediation, as well as personal finance include legal information, experts advices, banking offers comparison.

In this segment the Group also conducts brokerage activities associated with the securities and commodities, provides services in the preparation of investment analysis, financial analysis and other recommendations of a general nature relating to transactions in financial instruments.

The segment's income includes all income recognised by Noble Securities S.A. In the financial intermediary segment's income the share in profits of associate Open Finance S.A. is also included. Assets of the segment include assets of Noble Securities S.A.

#### Asset management

The scope of this segment is placing cash collected by means of public offering of unit fund, advising with respect to securities transactions, managing securities portfolios on demand, creating and managing investment funds, as well as rental services and property management.

The segment's income includes income recognised by Noble Funds TFI S. A., Sax Development sp. z o. o. and entities of Property FIZAN Group. The segment assets include assets of Noble Funds TFI S. A., Sax Development sp. z o. o. and entities of Property FIZAN Group.



None of operating segments of the Group was combined with other segment in order to create the above reporting operating segments.

The Management Board monitors separately operational results of segments in order to make decisions relating to allocation of resources, assessment of results of such allocation and the results of activities. The basis for the assessment of the financial performance is pre-tax profit or loss. Income tax is monitored on the Group's entities level.

Transaction costs used in transactions between operating segments are established on the arm's length basis, similar to the transactions with unrelated third parties. Amounts of revenues, profit before tax and total assets presented in segments does not include consolidation adjustments and eliminations.

01.01.2015 - 30.06.2015	Banking	Financial intermediary	Asset management	Consolidation adjustments	Total
	PLN thousand	PLN thousand	PLN thousand	PLN thousand	PLN thousand
Revenues of segments					
external	2,117,480	20,598	45,409	(6,275)	2,177,212
internal	122,290	5,132	4,027	(131,449)	-
Total revenues of segments	2,239,770	25,730	49,436	(137,724)	2,177,212
Profit before tax of segments					
external	196,749	16,395	8,052	(1,164)	220,032
internal	11,205	227	(4,745)	(6,687)	-
Total profit/ (loss) of segments	207,954	16,622	3,307	(7,851)	220,032
Segments assets as at 30.06.2015	71,300,891	385,837	585,413	(1,896,614)	70,375,527

Banking segment income includes interest income amounting to PLN 1,615,707 thousand. Profit before tax also includes interest expense amounting to PLN 1,078,218 thousand.

01.01.2014 - 30.06.2014	Banking	Financial intermediary	Asset management	Consolidation adjustments	Total
Provide the second s	PLN thousand	PLN thousand	PLN thousand	PLN thousand	PLN thousand
Revenues of segments	-				
external	2,162,929	25,802	25,516	2,004	2,216,251
internal	284,688	6,995	4,338	(296,021)	-
Total revenues of segments	2,447,617	32,797	29,854	(294,017)	2,216,251
Profit before tax of segments					
external	198,407	12,168	7,113	5,824	223,512
internal	110,323	1,251	2,372	(113,946)	-
Total profit/ (loss) of segments	308,730	13,419	9,485	(108,122)	223,512
Segments assets as at 31.12.2014	73,240,970	912,080	396,416	(5,753,909)	68,795,557

Banking segment income includes interest income amounting to PLN 1,971,417 thousand. Profit before tax also includes interest expense amounting to PLN 1,251,367 thousand.



## 28. Subsequent events

On 5 August 2015 the Polish Parliament adopted the Act on principles of restructuring housing currency loans due to the changes in exchange rates of foreign currencies against polish currency. Current text of the Act assumes that the bank in the period to June 2020, at the request of the borrower who is a consumer within the meaning of the Act 'Civil Code', would be obliged to:

- a) restructure of housing currency loan, if following conditions are met:
- loan or advance is denominated or indexed to a currency other than the borrowers income,
- borrower does not have any other residential unit or single-family home, and the usable area of residential unit does not exceed 100 m<sup>2</sup> and of single-family home 150 m<sup>2</sup>. The maximum surface area condition is not in force if at the day of application for restructuring, the borrower raise three or more children,
- LTV ratio is higher than 80%.
- b) canceling of 90% of the difference between the outstanding currency loan converted with NBP rate from the day preceding application date for restructuring, and the amount to pay if the loan was taken out in Polish currency.

According to the legislative process to enter into force the Act must be adopted by the Senate and sign by the President of the Republic of Poland. The Group has a portfolio of foreign currency loans granted in previous years, so the final shape of the legal solution adopted in this area might have a significant impact on future financial position of the Group. As at the date of these financial statements Getin Noble Bank S.A. is still analyzing potential impact of the Act on future results and financial situation of the Bank due to the ongoing legislative process and the fact, that making reliable estimates requires gathering detailed up-to-date data on borrowers, assumptions as to the borrowers inclination to benefit from the solutions of the Act as well as interpretation of particular rules of restructuring laid down by the Act (as at the date of publication of these report there were no detailed regulation in these respect).

Information about the balance and structure of CHF loans is disclosed in Note II.15. The value of housing loans in other currencies is 1.7% of total loan portfolio of Getin Noble Bank S.A., of which 69% are loans in euro and 27% in yen. Most of them were granted after 2008 (especially loans in EUR) and are less exposed on currency fluctuations than loans in CHF.

After 30 June 2015 there were no other events which were not disclosed in these financial statements which may significantly impact the future financial results of the Getin Noble Bank S.A. Capital Group.



Signatures of the Getin Noble Bank S.A. Management Board Members:

Krzysztof Rosiński President of the Management Board

Artur Klimczak Vice President of the Management Board

Krzysztof Basiaga Member of the Management Board Marcin Dec Member of the Management Board

Karol Karolkiewicz *Member of the Management Board*  Radosław Stefurak Member of the Management Board

Maciej Szczechura *Member of the Management Board*  Grzegorz Tracz Member of the Management Board

Signature of the person responsible for the preparation of the financial statements:

Barbara Kruczyńska-Nurek Chief Accountant Director of the Bank

Warsaw, 20 August 2015

Interim condensed standalone financial statements for the 6-month period ended 30 June 2015 (data in PLN thousand)



# **III. INTERIM CONDENSED STANDALONE FINANCIAL STATEMENTS**

# 1. Interim standalone income statement

	Note	01.04.2015- 30.06.2015 PLN thousand	01.01.2015- 30.06.2015 PLN thousand	01.04.2014- 30.06.2014 (restated) PLN thousand	01.01.2014- 30.06.2014 (restated) PLN thousand
CONTINUED ACTIVITY					
Interest income		734,890	1,531,007	921,400	1,829,093
Interest expense		(465,292)	(998,500)	(562,894)	(1,115,139)
Net interest income		269,598	532,507	358,506	713,954
Fee and commission income		121,116	237,399	134,164	281,211
Fee and commission expense		(42,688)	(84,924)	(47,990)	(94,483)
Net fee and commission income		78,428	152,475	86,174	186,728
Dividend income		14,077	29,036	110,700	111,234
Result on financial instruments measured at fair value through profit or loss and net foreign exchange gains		8,252	10,807	48,208	67,381
Result on other financial instruments		1,282	12,647	6,318	6,345
Result on loss of control over a subsidiary		-	131,188	-	-
Other operating income		8,075	15,126	18,808	32,201
Other operating expense		(25,796)	(50,707)	(44,090)	(73,834)
Net other operating income and expense		(17,721)	(35,581)	(25,282)	(41,633)
Administrative expenses		(225,825)	(450,205)	(213,241)	(422,773)
Net impairment allowances on financial assets and off-balance sheet provisions		(62,965)	(181,355)	(154,033)	(302,781)
Operating profit		65,126	201,519	217,350	318,455
Profit before tax		65,126	201,519	217,350	318,455
Income tax		(19,096)	(43,464)	(23,128)	(47,038)
Net profit		46,030	158,055	194,222	271,417

Details for restatement of comparative data for 2014 are presented in Note IV 1.1.

Interim condensed standalone financial statements for the 6-month period ended 30 June 2015 (data in PLN thousand)



# 2. Interim standalone statement of comprehensive income

	Note	01.04.2015- 30.06.2015	01.01.2015- 30.06.2015	01.04.2014- 30.06.2014	01.01.2014- 30.06.2014
		PLN thousand	PLN thousand	PLN thousand	PLN thousand
Net profit for the period		46,030	158,055	194,222	271,417
Items that may be reclassified to profit or loss, of which:		34,686	2,886	28,867	38,966
Valuation of available-for-sale financial assets		(54,295)	(28,241)	45,595	53,622
Cash flow hedges		97,118	31,804	(9,958)	(5,516)
Tax effect related to items that may be reclassified to profit or loss		(8,137)	(677)	(6,770)	(9,140)
Net other comprehensive income		34,686	2,886	28,867	38,966
Total comprehensive income for the period		80.716	160,941	223.089	310.383

TOTAL LIABILITIES AND EQUITY

Interim condensed standalone financial statements for the 6-month period ended 30 June 2015 (data in PLN thousand)



# 3. Interim standalone statement of financial position

	30.06.2015	31.12.2014
	Note PLN thousan	d PLN thousand
ASSETS		
Cash and balances with the Central Bank	3,697,545	2,840,565
Amounts due from banks and financial institutions	2,550,083	1,410,839
Financial assets measured at fair value through profit or loss	170,457	170,371
Derivative financial instruments	240,463	242,013
Loans and advances to customers	50,702,961	49,174,999
Financial assets, of which:	9,906,174	11,328,004
available-for-sale	9,762,697	11,232,147
held-to-maturity	143,477	95,857
Investments in subsidiaries, associates and joint ventures	599,877	527,814
Intangible assets	253,137	219,983
Property, plant and equipment	191,953	190,619
Investment properties	430,084	378,531
Non-current assets held for sale	13,065	4,494
Income tax assets, of which:	331,318	374,609
receivables relating to current income tax	10,713	13,215
deferred tax assets	320,605	361,394
Other assets	962,912	731,464
TOTAL ASSETS	70,050,029	67,594,305
LIABILITIES AND EQUITY		
Liabilities		
Amounts due to banks and financial institutions	3,736,921	4,451,229
Derivative financial instruments	2,085,492	742,340
Amounts due to customers	55,721,056	53,859,261
Debt securities issued	3,077,555	3,313,904
of which subordinated debt	2,090,454	2,092,427
Other liabilities	442,610	
Provisions	23,417	
Total liabilities	65,087,051	62,792,268
Equity		
Share capital	2,650,143	2,650,143
Net profit	158,055	
Other capital	2,154,780	
Total equity	4,962,978	

67.594.305

Interim condensed standalone financial statements for the 6-month period ended 30 June 2015 (data in PLN thousand)



# 4. Interim standalone statement of changes in equity

	Share capital	Retained earnings	Net profit	Reserve capital	Revaluation reserve	Other capital reserves	Total equity
	PLN thousand	PLN thousand	PLN thousand	PLN thousand	PLN thousand	PLN thousand	tys. zł
As at 01.01.2015	2,650,143	322,347	-	1,955,102	(166,126)	40,571	4,802,037
Comprehensive income for the period	-	-	158,055	-	2,886	-	160,941
Distribution of last year profit	-	(322,347)	-	322,347	-	-	-
As at 30.06.2015	2,650,143		158,055	2,277,449	(163,240)	40,571	4,962,978

				Other capital				
	Share capital	Retained earnings	Net profit	Reserve capital	Revaluation reserve	Other capital reserves	Total equity	
	PLN thousand	PLN thousand	PLN thousand	PLN thousand	PLN thousand	PLN thousand	tys. zł	
As at 01.01.2014	2,650,143	(52,070)	-	2,007,172	4,508,854	40,571	4,508,854	
Comprehensive income for the period	-	-	271,417	-	310,383	-	310,383	
Distribution of last year profit and cover of previous years losses	-	52,070	-	(52,070)	-	-	-	
As at 30.06.2014	2,650,143		271,417	1,955,102	4,819,237	40,571	4,819,237	

Details for restatement of comparative data for 2014 are presented in Note IV 1.1.

Interim condensed standalone financial statements for the 6-month period ended 30 June 2015 (data in PLN thousand)



# 3. Interim standalone statement of cash flows

	01.01.2015- 30.06.2015 Note	01.01.2014- 30.06.2014 (restated)
	PLN thousand	PLN thousand
Cash flow from operating activities	159.055	271 417
Net profit	158,055	271,417
Adjustments:	1,114,842	(88,752)
Amortisation and depreciation Foreign exchange (gains)/ losses	32,768	30,710
		(1,304)
(Gains)/ losses from investing activities	2,414	(971)
Interests and dividends	63,397	(31,345)
Change in amounts due from banks and financial institutions	(1,162,028)	19,897
Change in derivative financial instruments (assets)	1,743	46,155
Change in financial assets measured at fair value through profit or loss	(86)	(170,362)
Change in loans and advances to customers	(1,527,962)	(951,803)
Change in available-for-sale financial instruments	1,446,574	(1,798,024
Change in held to maturity financial instruments	(975)	(439
Change in deferred tax assets	40,789	52,550
Change in other assets	(231,449)	(18,273
Change in amounts due to banks and financial institutions	(821,368)	45,597
Change in derivative financial instruments (liabilities)	1,368,721	(49,128
Change in amounts due to customers	1,861,795	2,727,741
Change in debt securities issued		13,897
Change in other liabilities	40,431	(6,680
Change in provisions	62	5,493
Other adjustments	(2,638)	11,645
Income tax paid	(847)	(17,500
Current tax expense	3,350	3,392
Net cash flows used in operating activities	1,272,897	182,665
Cash flows from investing activities		
Sale of intangible assets and property, plant and equipment	6,507	14,069
Sale of investments in financial instruments	10,000	
Dividends received	29,036	111,234
Acquisition of shares in a subsidiary	(85,399)	(26,180
Purchase of intangible assets and property, plant and equipment	(120,327)	(158,479)
Purchase of investments in financial instruments	(56,645)	(12,000
Other investing inflows/ (outflows)	1,281	
Net cash flows used in investing activities	(215,547)	(71,356)
Cash flows from financing activities		
Proceeds from issue of debt securities	324,500	1,441,583
Proceeds from loans taken	107,060	837,556
Redemption of issued debt securities	(561,000)	(805,000)
Interest paid	(93,714)	(79,889
Net cash flows from financing activities	(223,154)	1,394,250
Net increase/(decrease) in cash and cash equivalents	834,196	1,505,559
Cash and cash equivalents at the beginning of the period	2,908,960	2,795,008
Cash and cash equivalents at the end of the period	3,743,156	4,300,567



# IV. NOTES TO INTERIM CONDENSED STANDALONE FINANCIAL STATEMENTS

### 1. Basis of preparation

The interim condensed standalone financial statements of Getin Noble Bank S.A. have been prepared for the 6-month period ended 30 June 2015 and include the comparative data for the 6-month period ended 30 June 2014 and as at 31 December 2014.

The interim condensed standalone financial statements have been prepared in accordance with the International Financial Reporting Standards ('IFRS') adopted by the EU, in particular in accordance with IAS 34.

Accounting policies used to prepare the interim condensed standalone financial statements are consistent with those that were used to prepare the Bank's annual financial statements for the year ended 31 December 2014 except for new standards and interpretations relating to reporting periods beginning on or after 1 January 2015 described in the note II 5.5 of the Getin Noble Bank Group's interim condensed consolidated financial statements presented in this report. Moreover, the accounting policies used to prepare the financial statements of the Bank are the same as used for the purpose of preparing the Getin Noble Bank Group's consolidated financial statements except for the valuation of subsidiaries, associates and joint ventures valued at cost.

The interim condensed standalone financial statements do not include all the information and disclosures required in the annual financial statements, and should be read in conjunction with the Getin Noble Bank S.A. financial statements for the year ended 31 December 2014.

These interim condensed standalone financial statements has been approved by the Management Board of the Bank on 20 August 2015. The Bank as a parent company prepared also the consolidated financial statements of Getin Noble Bank S.A. Capital Group that were approved on 20 August 2015.

The entity entitled to audit half-year consolidated and standalone financial statements is Deloitte Polska Spółka z ograniczoną odpowiedzialnością Sp. k. with its registered office in Warsaw.

# 1.1. Changes in accounting policies and presentation changes – restatement of comparative data

#### Change in accounting policy for investment properties

Comparative data for the 6-month period ended 30 June 2014 have been restated due to the change in accounting policies made in 2014 on the investment property valuation subsequent to initial recognition. The amendment was to reverse the depreciation of investment properties for the period and to recognise net losses from fair value measurement.

Item in the standalone income statement for the period 01.01.2014 - 30.06.2014	Data before restatement	Adjustment	Restated data
Tor the period 01.01.2014 - 50.08.2014	PLN thousand	PLN thousand	PLN thousand
Other operating expense	(72,508)	(1,326)	(73,834)
Administrative expenses	(424,099)	1,326	(422,773)

The restatement of comparative data due to the change in presentation had no impact on the Bank financial results for 2014.

Interim condensed standalone financial statements for the 6-month period ended 30 June 2015 (data in PLN thousand)



#### Presentation change in income statement

At the end of 2014 the Bank made presentation change by aggregating 'Result on financial instruments measured at fair value through profit or loss' and 'Net foreign exchange gains' into one line 'Result on financial instruments measured at fair value through profit or loss and net foreign exchange gains', therefore appropriate restatements were made in presented income statement for the 6-month period ended 30 June 2014.

# 2. Investments in subsidiaries, associates and joint ventures

Getin Noble Bank S.A. holds shares in the following subordinated entities:

	30.06.2015 PLN thousand	31.12.2014 PLN thousand
Noble Funds Towarzystwo Funduszy Inwestycyjnych S.A.	63,076	63,076
Noble Concierge sp. z o.o.	469	469
Noble Securities S.A.	41,743	41,365
Sax Development sp. z o.o.	105,005	105,005
BPI Bank Polskich Inwestycji S.A.	57,084	57,084
Green Fundusz Inwestycyjny Zamknięty Aktywów Niepublicznych	43,078	43,078
Property Fundusz Inwestycyjny Zamknięty Aktywów Niepublicznych	235,998	150,999
LAB Sp. z o.o.	13	13
LAB Sp. z o.o. sp.k.	13	13
Debitum Investment sp. z o.o.	-	12
Debitum Investment sp. z o.o. sp.k.	-	13
Vinita Investments sp. z o.o.	10	-
Vinita Investments sp. z o.o. sp. k.	12	-
Getin Leasing S.A.	14,235	27,546
Open Finance S.A.	39,141	39,141
Total	599,877	527,814

On 30 January 2015 Getin Noble Bank S.A. and Getin Holding S.A. as a purchaser entered into agreement to sell 3,712 shares of Getin Leasing S.A., representing 49.28% of the share capital and 49.28% of the votes at the General Meeting of Shareholders. In addition, Getin Noble Bank S.A. and Getin Holding S.A. signed an agreement for the exercise of joint control over Getin Leasing S.A. establishing the principles of cooperation in the management of the company.

The table below presents the settlement of a Bank's result on sale of the shares and loss of control over Getin Leasing S.A:

	01.01.2015- 30.06.2015 PLN thousand
Revenue from sales of shares	144,671
Book value of shares sold	(13,311)
Transaction costs	(172)
Profit before tax	131,188
Income tax	(24,926)
Net profit	106,262

On 11 February 2015 Getin Noble Bank S.A. signed with Noble Securities S.A. an agreement to acquire 9,208 shares of the company as part of a resolution of the Extraordinary General Meeting of Noble Securities S.A. dated 29 December 2014 on the squeeze-out of minority shareholders.

Interim condensed standalone financial statements for the 6-month period ended 30 June 2015 (data in PLN thousand)



On 13 February 2015 the Bank acquired 100% shares in Vinita Investments Sp. z o. o. and became a limited partner in Vinita Investments Sp. z o. o. sp. k., in which the general partner is Vinita Investments Sp. z o. o.

In the first half of 2015 Getin Noble Bank S.A. – after making a contribution in kind to the company of the package of overdue receivables – sold its subsidiary Debitum Investment Sp. z o. o. sp. k. and 100% of shares in Debitum Investment Sp. z o. o. Following the transaction, the Group sold a portfolio of car and retail loans, that nominal principal value was in total PLN 441 million.

On 19 May 2015 the Bank acquired 90,077 units of Series D investment certificates of Fund Property FIZAN at issue price of PLN 943.63 per certificate paid cash in the amount of PLN 84,999 thousand. As at 30 June 2015 the Bank was the only investor in the Fund.

# 3. Seasonality of operations

There are not any significant seasonal fluctuation factors in the Bank activities and thus the presented results of the Bank are not subject to significant fluctuations during the year.

# 4. Dividends paid and proposed

In the reporting period the Bank did not pay or declare any dividends.

On 12 May 2015 the General Shareholders Meeting of Getin Noble Bank S.A. decided to allocate the Bank's full profit for the year 2014 to increase the reserve capital.

# 5. Capital ratio

As at 30 June 2015 the capital ratio was calculated in accordance with the *Regulation of the European Parliament and of the Council (EU) No 575/2013 of 26 June 2013 on prudential requirements and investment firms* (CRR).

	30.06.2015 PLN thousand	31.12.2014 PLN thousand
Tier 1 capital	4,784,913	4,680,550
Tier 2 capital	1,610,073	1,742,616
TOTAL OWN FUNDS	6,394,986	6,423,166
TOTAL CAPITAL REQUIREMENTS	4,069,859	3 983,087
CAPITAL RATIOS		
Tier 1 capital ratio	9.4%	9.4%
Total capital ratio	12.6%	12.9%

On 16 June 2015 the Bank received approval to include net profit for the first quarter of 2015 in the amount of PLN 112,025 thousand to the Common Equity Tier 1 capital of Getin Noble Bank S.A.

# 6. Related party transactions

The Getin Noble Bank S.A. understands related party as the Bank's subsidiaries, associates and joint ventures with their subordinated entities and entities related to the ultimate parent – Mr. Leszek Czarnecki.

Interim condensed standalone financial statements for the 6-month period ended 30 June 2015 (data in PLN thousand)



Related entities, within its operations, hold current accounts in Getin Noble Bank S.A., on which they carry out clearing operations and deposit cash on term deposits. Within loan activities to related parties, the Bank applies standard loan conditions:

- transactions are concluded in accordance with accepted by the Bank rules and conditions,
- the assessment of reliability of related entities, is based on rules applicable during the assessment of creditworthiness
  of the Bank's other customers
- the rules for funding transactions hedge are in accordance with the instruction of legal hedge applicable in the Bank,
- the Bank applies general rules of monitoring of payments and rules of termination of agreements and receivables collection.

Additionally, the Bank purchases debts from related entities and acts as an agent in sale of insurance policies and investment products offered by related entities and also uses intermediary services related to sale of own products.

		Statement of financial position					Off-balance
30.06.2015	Assets – loans and purchased receivables PLN thousand	Assets – financial instruments PLN thousand	Assets – other receivables PLN thousand	Liabilities – deposits PLN thousand	Liabilities – other liabilities PLN thousand	Impairment allowances PLN thousand	Financial liabilities and guarantees granted PLN thousand
Subsidiaries	524,803	9,651	17,373	871,346	12,312	54	15,190
Associates – Open Finance S.A. Capital Group	-	45,775	6,361	7,516	8,810	-	-
Joint ventures – Getin Leasing S.A. Capital Group	4,599,614	-	5,354	47,457	3,005	135	2,195
Entities related to the ultimate parent	198,923	8,718	262,900	199,891	158	353	6,621
Entities of Getin Holding S.A. Capital Group	5,315	8,718	262,770	51,089	157	14	6,476
Entities of LC Corp B.V. and LC Corp S.A. Group	193,489	-	130	147,291	-	339	39
Other entities	119	-	-	1,511	1	-	106
Members of the Management Board and the Supervisory Board of Getin Noble Bank S.A.	977	-	-	11,160	-	1	1,557

	Income statement					
01.01.2015- 30.06.2015	Interest and commission income PLN thousand	Interest and commission expense PLN thousand	Other purchases PLN thousand	Other sale PLN thousand	Dividend income PLN thousand	
Subsidiaries	83,589	31,307	7,260	1,160	14,959	
Associates – Open Finance S.A. Capital Group	3,858	30,712	933	3,002	-	
Joint ventures – Getin Leasing S.A. Capital Group	51,985	244	1,127	1,019	-	
Entities related to the ultimate parent	11,552	4,684	15,713	289,305	-	
Entities of Getin Holding S.A. Capital Group	7,286	2,558	270	289,296	-	
Entities of LC Corp B.V. and LC Corp S.A. Group	4,259	2,122	12,510	-	-	
Other entities	7	4	2,933	9	-	
Members of the Management Board and the Supervisory Board of Getin Noble Bank S.A.	12	113	-	-	-	

Interim condensed standalone financial statements for the 6-month period ended 30 June 2015 (data in PLN thousand)



		Statement of financial position					Off-balance
31.12.2014	Assets – loans and purchased receivables PLN thousand	Assets – financial instruments PLN thousand	Assets – other receivables PLN thousand	Liabilities – deposits PLN thousand	Liabilities – other liabilities PLN thousand	Impairment allowances PLN thousand	Financial liabilities and guarantees granted PLN thousand
Subsidiaries	4,402,376	21,873	14,434	847,449	7,195	293	6,692
Associates – Open Finance S.A. Capital Group	-	54,882	5,429	7,519	-	-	-
Entities related to the ultimate parent	207,983	61,142	202,068	343,269	5,022	531	6,255
Entities of Getin Holding S.A. Capital Group	10,617	61,142	201,935	80,534	5,022	24	6,205
Entities of LC Corp B.V. and LC Corp S.A. Group	197,357	-	130	260,090	-	507	42
Other entities	9	-	3	2,645	-	-	8
Members of the Management Board and the Supervisory Board of Getin Noble Bank S.A.	1,177	-	-	4,757	-	3	1,568

	Income statement					
01.01.2014- 30.06.2014	Interest and commission income PLN thousand	Interest and commission expense PLN thousand	Other purchases PLN thousand	Other sale PLN thousand	Dividend income PLN thousand	
Subsidiaries	128,989	42,450	8,164	2,977	108,317	
Associates – Open Finance S.A. Capital Group	1,470	34,974	1,153	991	-	
Entities related to the ultimate parent	9,431	27,470	13,239	11,209	-	
Entities of Getin Holding S.A. Capital Group	5,102	25,782	396	11,077	-	
Entities of LC Corp B.V. and LC Corp S.A. Group	4,321	1,678	9,796	126	-	
Other entities	8	10	3,047	6	-	
Members of the Management Board and the Supervisory Board of Getin Noble Bank S.A.	16	102	-	-	-	

All of transactions between the Bank and its related parties, except agreements described below, resulted from operating activities of the Bank.

On 11 February 2015 Getin Noble Bank S.A. signed with Noble Securities S.A. an agreement to acquire 9,208 shares of the company as part of a resolution of the Extraordinary General Meeting of Noble Securities S.A. dated 29 December 2014 on the squeeze-out of minority shareholders.

On 30 January 2015 Getin Noble Bank S.A. and Getin Holding S.A. as a purchaser entered into agreement to sell 3,712 shares of Getin Leasing S.A., representing 49.28% of the share capital and 49.28% of the votes at the General Meeting of Shareholders. The parties agreed a final price as the sum of the amount of PLN 144.7 million, i.e. the total price for the shares of Getin Leasing S.A. and the amount of PLN 14.5 million for granting Getin Holding S.A. the deferred payment term until 29 January 2017. In addition, on 31 March 2015 Getin Noble Bank S.A. and Getin Holding S.A. signed an agreement for the exercise of joint control over Getin Leasing S.A. establishing the principles of cooperation in the management of the company.

# 7. Other additional information

Other additional information that are significant for proper evaluation of assets, financial position and the Bank's financial results were included in the interim condensed consolidated financial statements of Getin Noble Bank S.A. Capital Group,

Interim condensed standalone financial statements for the 6-month period ended 30 June 2015 (data in PLN thousand)



which is part of this report.

### 8. Subsequent events

On 5 August 2015 the Polish Parliament adopted the Act on principles of restructuring housing currency loans due to the changes in exchange rates of foreign currencies against polish currency. Current text of the Act assumes that the bank in the period to June 2020, at the request of the borrower who is a consumer within the meaning of the Act 'Civil Code', would be obliged to:

a) restructure of housing currency loan, if following conditions are met:

- loan or advance is denominated or indexed to a currency other than the borrowers income,
- borrower does not have any other residential unit or single-family home, and the usable area of residential unit does not exceed 100 m<sup>2</sup> and of single-family home 150 m<sup>2</sup>. The maximum surface area condition is not in force if at the day of application for restructuring, the borrower raise three or more children,
- LTV ratio is higher than 80%.
- b) canceling of 90% of the difference between the outstanding currency loan converted with NBP rate from the day preceding application date for restructuring, and the amount to pay if the loan was taken out in Polish currency.

According to the legislative process to enter into force the Act must be adopted by the Senate and sign by the President of the Republic of Poland. The Group has a portfolio of foreign currency loans granted in previous years, so the final shape of the legal solution adopted in this area might have a significant impact on future financial position of the Bank. As at the date of these financial report Getin Noble Bank S.A. is still analyzing potential impact of the Act on future results and financial situation of the Bank due to the ongoing legislative process and the fact, that making reliable estimates requires gathering detailed up-to-date data on borrowers, assumptions as to the borrowers inclination to benefit from the solutions of the Act as well as interpretation of particular rules of restructuring laid down by the Act (as at the date of publication of these financial statements there were no detailed regulation in these respect).

Information about the balance and structure of loans in CHF is disclosed in Note II.15. The value of housing loans in other currencies is 1.7% of total loan portfolio of Getin Noble Bank S.A., of which 69% are loans in euro and 27% in yen. Most of them were granted after 2008 (especially loans in EUR) and are less exposed on currency fluctuations than loans in CHF.

After 30 June 2015 there were no other events which were not disclosed in these financial statements which may significantly impact the future financial results of the Getin Noble Bank S.A.

Interim condensed standalone financial statements for the 6-month period ended 30 June 2015 (data in PLN thousand)



Signatures of the Getin Noble Bank S.A. Management Board Members:

Krzysztof Rosiński President of the Management Board

Artur Klimczak Vice President of the Management Board

Krzysztof Basiaga Member of the Management Board Marcin Dec Member of the Management Board

Karol Karolkiewicz *Member of the Management Board*  Radosław Stefurak Member of the Management Board

Maciej Szczechura Member of the Management Board Grzegorz Tracz Member of the Management Board

Signature of the person responsible for the preparation of the financial statements:

Barbara Kruczyńska-Nurek Chief Accountant Director of the Bank

Warsaw, 20 August 2015



# V. DIRECTORS' REPORT OF THE CAPITAL GROUP AND THE ISSUER

# 1. Financial results and financial position of the Capital Group and the Issuer after the first half of 2015

In the first half of 2015 the Getin Noble Bank S.A. Capital Group achieved a consolidated net profit in the amount of PLN 208.8 million, lower by 21.5% than achieved in first half of 2014. Total assets of the Group as at the end of June 2015 totalled PLN 70.4 billion and was higher by 2.3% compared to the end of December 2014.

Key items of the consolidated income statement of the Getin Noble Bank S.A. Capital Group for the first half of 2015 and changes that occurred in comparison to previous year are as follows:

	01.01.2015- 30.06.2015 PLN thousand	01.01.2014- 30.06.2014 PLN thousand	Change y/y %
Net interest income	555,899	728,137	-23.6
Net fee and commission income	183,978	228,256	-19.4
Net other result *	163,858	58,242	+181.3
Administrative expenses	(488,350)	(470,681)	+3.7
Net impairment allowances on financial assets and off-balance sheet provisions	(195,353)	(320,442)	-39.0
Profit before tax	220,032	223,512	-1.5
Income tax	(11,265)	42,623	-126.4
Net profit	208,767	266,135	-21.5
Attributable to::			
equity holders of the parent	198,588	265,936	-25.3
non-controlling interests	10,179	199	+5,015.1

\* Net other result includes dividend income, result on financial instruments measured at fair value through profit or loss and foreign exchange gains, result on other financial instruments, result on loss of control over a subsidiary, other operating income and expense and share in profits of associates and joint ventures.

Key items of the financial result of the Getin Noble Bank S.A. Capital Group for the first half of 2015:

- net interest income amounted to PLN 555.9 million and was lower compared to the comparable period of 2014 by PLN 172.2 million (i.e. by 23.6%). The decrease in net interest income was primarily due to the decrease in interest income by 15.7% (i.e. by PLN 285.2 million) the main factor of the decline in interest income were the decisions of the Monetary Policy Council to cut in October 2014 and March 2015 the key interest rates, including the lombard rate by a total of 1.5 pp., resulting in, among others, the need to lower interest rates on active portfolio of loans at rates exceeding the 4 times lombard rate, as well as change of LIBOR CHF rate. Interest expenses were lower compared to the comparable period of 2014 by PLN 113.0 million (i.e. by 10.4%).
- net fee and commission income amounted to PLN 184.0 million and was lower than the result achieved in the comparable period of 2014 by PLN 44.3 million (i.e. by 19.4%). The decrease in net commission income resulted primarily from obtaining lower commission income from the sale of investment products and lower interchange rates for payment cards.
- result from financial instruments at fair value through profit or loss and net foreign exchange gains for the first half of 2015 amounted to PLN 15.9 million and was lower than that achieved in the same period of 2014 by PLN 57.4 million (i.e. by 78.4%). The decrease resulted from a reduction in spread realized on repayment and conversion of foreign currency loans within the framework of the so-called "CHF Help" programme for customers with loans in CHF, as well as lower gains on financial instruments measured at fair value.



- in the first half of 2015 Getin Noble Bank S.A. sold shares of a subsidiary Getin Leasing S.A. and recognised a loss of control. At the end of March in the consolidated financial statements of the Group assets and liabilities of Getin Leasing S.A. were derecognised at their carrying amounts, as well as the carrying amount of non-controlling interests, the residual investment in the joint venture was recognised at fair value at the date of loss of control, and the resulting difference in the amount of PLN 109.7 million was recognised as a gain in the consolidated income statement. Due to the cessation of full consolidation of Getin Leasing S.A. Group, starting from the second quarter of 2015 percentage share in profits of joint venture Getin Leasing S.A. Group is recognized in consolidated income statement of Getin Noble Bank S.A. Capital Group.
- administrative expenses of the Group in the 6-month period of 2015 amounted to PLN 488.3 million an increase compared to the first half of the previous year by PLN 17.7 million (i.e. by 3.8%) was due to higher Bank Guarantee Fund charges for banks in 2015 (the rate of annual fee increased almost double from 0.1% to 0.189%, while the rate of prudential fee from 0.037% to 0.05%). In relation to the first half of 2014 fees for the Bank Guarantee Fund and the Polish Financial Supervision Authority increased in the first half of 2015 by PLN 28.0 million.
- write-downs for impairment of financial assets in the amount of PLN 195.3 million were lower compared to the same period last year by PLN 125.1 million (i.e. 39.0%). A factor having a positive impact on getting such result on impairment allowances was the sale of a portfolio of impaired car and retail loans. The nominal value of the sold receivables totaled to more than PLN 1 billion.
- impact on the Group income tax of the temporary differences arising in connection with the calculation of deferred tax in leasing companies operating in the form of SKA was in the first half of 2015 PLN -34.8 million (PLN 57.5 million less than the same period last year).

The value of loan sales during the first half of 2015 amounted to PLN 4.8 billion and was lower by 19% compared to the same period last year. This decrease was mainly caused by a decision to limit the sale of long-term mortgage loans – in the 6-month period of 2015 sales of mortgage loans decreased compared to the corresponding period of 2014 by 90% and accounted for only 1.4% of total sales of the Bank (in the same period last year the share was 12.2%). The highest sales growth was recorded in leases (an increase by 30%).

The outstanding balance of loans and advances to customers and financial leases increased in the first half of 2015 by PLN 1.8 billion to a level of PLN 50.3 billion; mostly resulting from changes in exchange rates in 2015 and the revaluation of the balance of foreign currency loans and indexed to foreign currency.

In February 2015 Getin Noble Bank S.A. acquired additional funds from the European Investment Bank with a total value of PLN 107.1 million for business development in the SME segment. In the first half of 2015 Getin Noble Bank S.A. issued bonds worth PLN 324.5 million, including a five-year senior bonds with a value of PLN 50 million.

At the end of June 2015 the Bank had PLN 2.1 billion of issued subordinated debt.

In the first half of 2015 Getin Noble Bank S.A. consistently pursued its policy on disposal of non-working assets by sale of portfolio of impaired loans and receivables written off from the books of the Bank. The nominal value of the portfolio being subject to assignment agreements amounted in total to PLN 1 billion.

At the end of June 2015 the consolidated Tier 1 Capital ratio was 9.9%, and total capital ratio was 13.1%.



# 2. The most significant factors and events, especially unusual events, affecting financial results

### Exchange rate of CHF/PLN

As a result of the January decision of the Swiss National Bank to abandon the maintenance of the EUR/CHF in relation not lower than 1.20, the Swiss currency suddenly strengthened. The CHF/PLN exchange rate on 15 January 2015 reached a record level of more than PLN 5. In following weeks, the Polish zloty systematically strengthened and the first half of 2015 ended with the exchange rate of CHF/PLN of 4.0412, i.e. by approx. 14% above the rate from the end of 2014 (3.5447). Another important element influencing the CHF loan portfolio of the Bank, the results and the situation of the borrowers had a decrease in LIBOR 3M for the Swiss franc below zero.

It should be emphasized that foreign currency loans, mainly in Swiss francs, after the appreciation of the CHF, represent approx. 30% of the total loan portfolio of Getin Noble Bank S.A. Since 2009 the Bank does not sell foreign currency loans and indexed to foreign currencies, which at the systematic amortization of the CHF loan portfolio (at the level of CHF 60-70 million quarterly) means a gradual decrease in the share of these loans in the total credit portfolio of the Bank.

Getin Noble Bank S.A. has taken active steps to mitigate the effects of the appreciation of the CHF for customers:

- a temporary reduction in the spread rate on CHF by more than a half,
- taking into account the negative level of LIBOR reference rate for the calculation of credit installments with the assumption that the interest rate of the loan may not be less than zero,
- a detailed review and modification of existing procedures in order to adapt them to the current market situation and the expectations of regulators,
- The "CHF Help" programme includes such benefits as: simplified procedure for the suspension of repayment of installment of principal for three months, introducing a new process of replacing the collateral and the subject of credit for borrowers in CHF, commission-free conversion of the loan into PLN at the average NBP rate of the Swiss franc as of the date of conversion.

As a result of actions taken by the Bank in order to help customers with mortgage loans in CHF, despite the volatility of the exchange rate of CHF observed since mid-January 2015, the mortgage loans showed stable quality.

Getin Noble Bank S.A. actively participated in activities undertaken to solve problems arising from the appreciation of the Swiss currency and together with Polish Bank Association and other stakeholders led dialogue in this respect. On 25 May 2015 the Bank signed a Declaration on support by banks for borrowers with housing loans, including currency housing loans.

#### Sale of shares and loss of control of Getin Leasing S.A

On 30 January 2015 Getin Noble Bank S.A. sold to Getin Holding S.A. 3,712 shares of Getin Leasing S.A., representing 49.28% of the share capital. On 30 March 2015 Getin Noble Bank S.A. and Getin Holding S.A. signed an agreement for the exercise of joint control of Getin Leasing S.A. establishing the principles of cooperation in the management of the company. On the date of signing of the agreement the Group recognized loss of control over Getin Leasing S.A. and thereby the effect of the transaction settlement in the consolidated financial statements of the Group. The Group recognized net profit from the loss of control in Getin Leasing S.A. in the amount of PLN 109.7 million.



# 3. Awards and recognitions received

Getin Noble Bank S.A. – one of the fastest growing financial institutions in Poland, is regularly recognized for its dynamics in development by the media and industry experts.

In the first half of 2015 products offered by Getin Noble Bank S.A. repeatedly occupied leading position in rankings organized by i.a. Money.pl, Bankier.pl, TotalMoney.pl. Among appreciated products were personal account Getin UP, saving account, car and cash loans.

Getin Noble Bank won "Portfele Wprost" in 2015 for the best offer for individual customers. The weekly magazine 'Wprost' awarded attractive, transparent products and services, high quality of customer service and outstanding loyalty policy. Winners of 'Portfele Wprost' 2015 were selected based on the customer opinion polls and experts assessment. Brand recognition, match the offer to the market needs, transparency of the offer, fees and commissions, quality of service, loyalty policy and level of customer trust were taken into consideration.

The Bank is praised not only for the attractiveness of the offer, but also for the functionality of solutions for its customers. Mobile banking of Getin Bank was appreciated by marketing experts worldwide and was among winners in Horizon Interactive Awards. The jury appreciated the functionality, comfort and transparency of Getin Mobile app, awarding it with the prestigious silver in the category of best business mobile solutions.

Getin Noble Bank achieved another success in terms of adopting modern technologies to financial services – as first bank in Poland in cooperation with Visa, commenced a pilot program of service that enables fast, convenient and secure implementation of contactless payment using HCE technology. Innovative system of payments in cloud was appraised as one of the best contactless payment solutions worldwide and was among finalists of Contactless & Mobile Awards competition. Service of mobile payments in HCE technology is another innovative solution of Getin Noble Bank appreciated worldwide.

Getin Bank is the first and only bank in the world that commenced a pilot program of innovative Dynamic CVC card with variable verification code. Currently it is the only payment card on the market with a display with variable CVC number. Combination of 3-digit code is changing randomly every hour, providing additional protection against possible fraud.

In June 2015 Getin Bank made new online payment method accessible – Electronic Wallet V.me by Visa allowing convenient and safe online shopping.

Noble Bank, a pioneer of private banking market in Poland, for the third time in a row was awarded the highest 5 star rating in the prestigious ranking prepared by the magazine Forbes, taking the leading position in the competition of several banks. In commentary for the highest note it was highlighted the pioneering nature of the Noble Bank's strategy – in 2014 its crowning element was to develop the real estate competencies and the announcement of the partnership with Sotheby's International Realty, the global No. 1 in the luxury real estate market. In 2015 the Bank is going to make further step – launch supplement offer of education counseling, as well as luxury medical services. This will complete the family office service model built consistently since years.

Getin Bank has been nominated for the prestigious SABRE Awards, awarded for the best projects in the area of public relations. The jury, composed of over forty communication specialists from the whole EMEA region, awarded the Bank in the category of "financial services" for extensive cooperation with bloggers.

Getin Noble Bank was among winners of the Golden World Awards organized by International Public Relations Association (IPRA). The Bank was appreciated for comprehensive strategy of innovative network communication, self-service branches Getin Point and awarded first prize in 'Launch of a New Service' category.



In the first half of 2015 Getin Leasing S.A. Group realized sales of PLN 1,694.2 million and occupies first place in terms of the number of registered leased cars according to data published by the Central Register of Vehicles and Drivers (CEPIK). According to data from the Polish Leasing Association (ZPL) at the end of March 2015 the Group moved up to 2nd place in the ranking of leasing companies (total sales) and 1st place among leasing companies in financing vehicles.

# 4. Assessment of financial creditworthiness - ratings

On 19 May 2015 Fitch Ratings Londyn/ Warszawa published information on Getin Noble Bank S.A. rating. The Agency informed on the reduction of the Support Rating from '3' to '5' and on the changes to the minimum level of Support Rating Floor from 'BB' to 'No Floor'. The above changes do not have influence on other ratings of the Bank. The Issuer default rating ("IDR") remained unaffected.

The rating actions are in conjunction with the review of sovereign support for banks globally, which the agency announced in March 2014. Fitch Ratings believes legislative, regulatory and policy initiatives have substantially reduced the likelihood of sovereign support for United States of America, Swiss and European Union commercial banks.

To the best of the Issuer's knowledge, the above actions are not connected with the current financial situation of the Bank.

Rating agency Moody's made a change to the outlook of the Issuer and determined it as stable for Long-term Deposit Rating of the Issuer and left the rating unchanged on Ba2 level.

The above changes are a consequence of steps taken on 17 March 2015 when the Agency withdrew the negative outlook for Long-term Deposit Rating of the Bank and put it on the observation list with a possibility of being improved. As a result of completed review the Agency reduced Baseline Credit Assessment (BCA) from ba3 to b1 level and Adjusted Baseline Credit Assessment from ba3 to b1 level.

The above changes are also a consequence of steps taken on 17 March 2015 when the Agency introduced the following ratings: Baseline Credit Assessment (BCA) and Adjusted Baseline Credit Assessment, both on ba3 level and put them on the observation list with a possibility of being reduced.

In the Agency's opinion the affirmation of the Long-term Deposit Rating of the Issuer on Ba2 level fully incorporates the BCA assessment on b1 level as well as Advance LGF that fully counterbalances the limitation of possibilities of native government support and raises the awarded BCA assessment by two levels.

Moreover, Agency introduced Counterparty Risk Assessment and determined it on Ba1 level (cr) and Counterparty Risk Assessment and determined it on NP level (cr). The above changes result from adopted by the Agency new bank rating methodology and the review of likelihood of sovereign support for the institution.

# 5. Factors that in the Issuer's opinion will affect its financial results within at least next quarter, including description of main threats and risks

The Group companies' business is closely related to the situation on the financial markets and economic development of the country. Factors that may affect the further development and future performance of the Group are the following:

- deteriorating conditions for leading bank business a dramatic increase in bank duties as a result of international and national regulations, the cost of restructuring SKOK is a burden for banks and their customers, higher Bank Guarantee Fund charges and drop in income of banking sector (i. a. through statutory limitation of interchange rates),
- decrease in interest rates due to, inter alia, decision of the Monetary Policy Council adopted on 5 March 2015 to lower the reference rate from 2% to 1.5% and the lombard rate from 3% to 2.5%. Reduction of the lombard rate resulted in a reduction of the maximum interest rate for consumer loans from 12% to 10% - both active and newly granted ones.



This change will have a negative impact on the net interest income in the near term. In addition, the drop in interest rates could adversely affect the level of customers' propensity to save in banks, and increase investments of their savings in investment funds,

- relevant issues, that may have negative impact on future financial results of the Bank and Capital Group are legal regulations related to, among others, statutory proposals of mandatory conversion of foreign currency mortgages or of imposing additional banking tax,
- the risk of worsening the condition of the Polish economy, unfavourable trends in the labour market and in terms
  of individual consumption can caused low activity of investors on the secondary market,
- operations of the Group entities (in particular Noble Securities S.A. and Noble Funds TFI S.A.) are strongly linked with the sentiment prevailing on the Polish and global financial markets. Negative attitudes of customers to invest in the capital market and a reduction in margins due to significant competition among Brokerage Houses and Investment Funds, may have a negative impact on the operations and financial performance of companies. In the case of recovery of the Stock Exchange can be expected to improve the results obtained from brokerage activities,
- in April 2015 Getin Noble Bank submitted to the Polish Financial Supervision Authority a request for consent to amend the articles of association of BPI Bank Polskich Inwestycji S.A. and to establish on its basis a mortgage bank. The role of the new entity will be to acquire long-term financing by issuing mortgage bonds. Getin Noble Bank Hipoteczny will start operations in 2017. In the initial period Getin Noble Bank Hipoteczny will focus on serving and obtaining financing for mortgage portfolios purchased from Getin Noble Bank. In the medium term, the Group does not preclude the launch of the products offered exclusively by the new entity. Ultimately, Getin Noble Bank Hipoteczny, in addition to mortgage bond, will issue public bonds, using as collateral loans granted in the past and provided currently by the Group to local government units.

# 6. Holdings of shares of the Issuer, or rights to them by managing and supervising persons and the changes that occurred in the period from the previous quarterly report

Holdings of shares of Getin Noble Bank S.A. by Members of the Management Board and Supervisory Board as at the date of these consolidated quarterly report and changes that occurred in the period from the previous quarterly report are the following:

Members of the Supervisory and Management Board	Number of the Bank shares on the own account as at the submission date of the report for I quarter of 2015	Purchase/ (sale) of shares in the reporting period	Number of the Bank shares on the own account as at the submission date of the report for I half of 2015
Leszek Czarnecki <sup>1)</sup>	264,626,609	-	264,626,609
Remigiusz Baliński	521,530	-	521,530
Krzysztof Rosiński	2,110,573	-	2,110,573
Marcin Dec	113,762	-	113,762
Karol Karolkiewicz	76,737	-	76,737
Radosław Stefurak	126,315	-	126,315
Maciej Szczechura	22,936	-	22,936
Grzegorz Tracz	192,691	-	192,691

<sup>1)</sup> To the best knowledge of Mr. Leszek Czarnecki, President of the Supervisory Board, his subordinate entities holds the following shares of the Bank: LC Corp B.V. – 1,011,728,750 shares, Getin Holding S.A. – 200,314,774 shares, Fundacja Jolanty i Leszka Czarneckich – 3,519,273 shares, RB Investcom Sp. z o.o. – 101,850 shares, Idea Expert S.A. – 7,799 shares.



# 7. Other information

7.1. The Management Board's explanation of the differences between actual financial results and previously published forecasts

Getin Noble Bank S.A. did not publish forecasts for 2015.

# 7.2. The Issuer's or Issuer's subsidiaries' significant related party transactions concluded on other than arm's length basis

In the first half of 2015 there were no significant related party transactions concluded on other than arm's length basis by the Issuer or its subsidiaries.

# 7.3. Information on significant transactions of purchase or sale of property, plant and equipment

In the first half of 2015 in the Group there were no significant transaction of purchase or sale of property, plant and equipment. As at 30 June 2015 there were no significant commitments due to the purchase of property, plant and equipment.

# 7.4. Information on impairment allowances for financial assets, property, plant and equipment, intangible assets and other assets, as well as reversals of such allowances

The amount of impairment allowances as at 30 June 2015 is presented in the table below:

	30.06.2015	31.12.2014
	PLN thousand	PLN thousand
Amounts due from banks and financial institutions	1,491	880
Loans and advances to customers and financial lease receivables	2,993,149	3,712,026
Available-for-sale financial assets	12,586	12,586
Intangible assets	16,681	18,426
Property, plant and equipment	13,829	14,384
Assets held for sale	116	116
Other assets	21,543	19,934
Total impairment allowances for assets	3,059,395	3,778,352

Data relating to impairment allowances on loans and advances and financial lease receivables are presented in Note II.13 of these interim condensed consolidated financial statements. In the first half of 2015 the Group reversed write-downs for impairment of other assets in the amount of PLN 339 thousand.

# 7.5. Information on changes in economic and business conditions, which have a significant impact on the fair value of financial assets and financial liabilities of the entity

In the first half of 2015 there were no significant changes in economic and business conditions, which would have a significant impact on the fair value of financial assets and financial liabilities of the entity, regardless of whether those assets and liabilities are recognized at fair value or adjusted purchase price (amortized cost).



# 7.6. Information on significant legal proceedings relating to liabilities or receivables of the Issuer, as well as on significant legal settlements

No single legal proceeding concerning liabilities or receivables of the Issuer or Issuer's subsidiaries which value would amounted to at least 10% of own funds of the Issuer, occurs in the Getin Noble Bank S.A. Group.

There are also no two or more proceedings concerning liabilities or receivables, which total value constitutes at least 10% of the Issuer's own funds.

# 7.7. Information on suretyships of loans and guarantees granted by the Issuer's or Issuer's subsidiaries' exceeding 10% of the Issuer's equity

In the first half of 2015 the Issuer or Issuer's subsidiaries neither guaranteed credit or loans nor granted guarantees – in total to one entity or subordinate of this entity, if the total value of existing guarantees accounts for at least 10% of the Issuer's equity.

# 7.8. Information on failure to repay a loan or a breach of significant provisions of the loan agreement in respect of which there were no corrective action taken until the end of the reporting period

In the first half of 2015 in the Getin Noble Bank S.A. Capital Group there was no situation of failure to repay a loan or a breach of significant provisions of loan agreement in respect of which there were no corrective action taken until the end of the reporting period.

# 7.9. For financial instruments measured at fair value – information about changing the way (method) it is determined

In the first half of 2015 in the Getin Noble Bank S.A. Capital Group there were no changes in valuation rules for financial instruments.

# 7.10. Information on the changes in the classification of financial assets as a result of changes of the objective or use of these assets

In the first half of 2015 in the Getin Noble Bank S.A. Capital Group there were no reclassification of assets between categories.

7.11. Other information which is in opinion of the Issuer, significant for the assessment of its human resources, economic and financial situation, financial results and their changes, as well as information significant for the assessment of its ability to settle its liabilities

The Getin Noble Bank S.A. Capital Group entities settle their liabilities on time. No significant changes relating to assessment of companies ability to settle their liabilities were identified.



# 8. Statements of the Management Board

### Truth and fairness of the presented financial statements

According to the best knowledge of the Bank's Management Board, financial data for the first half of 2015 and comparative data presented in the interim condensed standalone financial statements of Getin Noble Bank S.A. and in the interim condensed consolidated financial statements of Getin Noble Bank S.A. Capital Group were prepared in accordance with International Financial Reporting Standards adopted by the EU and reflect truly and fairly the economic and financial situation of the Bank and the Capital Group as well as their financial result.

The Director's report of the Capital Group and the Issuer for the first half of 2015 includes true picture of the Capital Group and Getin Noble Bank S.A. development, achievements and situation, including the description of main threats and risks.

### Appointment of the certified auditor of the financial statements

Deloitte Polska Spółka z ograniczoną odpowiedzialnością Sp. k. – the entity entitled to audit financial statements, that performed the review of the interim condensed standalone financial statements of Getin Noble Bank S.A. and the interim condensed consolidated financial statements of Getin Noble Bank S.A. Capital Group, was appointed in compliance with the law. Both the entity and the individual certified auditors, performing the review, met conditions to issue unbiased and independent review report, in accordance with existing provisions of the law and professional standards.

## GETIN NOBLE BANK S.A. CAPITAL GROUP

Directors' Report of the Capital Group and the Issuer for the 6-month period ended 30 June 2015



Signatures of the Getin Noble Bank S.A. Management Board Members:

Krzysztof Rosiński President of the Management Board Artur Klimczak Vice President of the Management Board

Krzysztof Basiaga Member of the Management Board Marcin Dec Member of the Management Board

Karol Karolkiewicz Member of the Management Board Radosław Stefurak Member of the Management Board

Maciej Szczechura Member of the Management Board Grzegorz Tracz Member of the Management Board

Warsaw, 20 August 2015